Date:

#### WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY MEMORY AND AGING PROJECT INITIAL SUBJECT PROTOCOL (ISP) ©

Variable names are in red font in blue boxes

### **Participant Information**

Date:	
Phone: ( )	*Sex: M F
*Date of Birth / / / YEAR	Age
Personal Physician as of ( )  Address:	Personal Physician as of ( )  Address:
Phone: ( )	Phone: ( )

#### HOLLINGSHEAD INDEX OF SOCIAL POSITION

1.	S	CO	RI	NG

OCCUPA	TION SCALE SCORE X / =	
EDUCAT	ION SCALE SCORE X 4 =	
IAL CLASS 11-17	SUM	_
18-27 28-43 44-60 61-77	*SOCIAL CLASS	_

#### OCCUPATIONAL SCALE (Head of Household) EDUCATIONAL SCALE (Participant)

- 1. Higher executives, proprietors of large concerns, major professionals
- Graduate professional training
- Business managers; proprietors of medium sized business, lesser professionals
- 2. Standard college/university graduate
- 3. Administrative personnel; small independent business, minor professionals
- 3. Partial college
- 4. Clerical and sales workers; owners of little business
- 4. High school graduate (12)

5. Skilled manual employees

- 5. Partial high school (10,11)
- 6. Machine operators; semi-skilled employees
- 6. Junior high school (7,8,9)

7. Unskilled employees

7. Less than 7 years of school

	<u>Participant</u>	<u>Spouse</u>					
Occupation							
*Years of education							
College degree(s)							
Major subject							
(If $\underline{P}$ has a GED and no college education, years of education = $\underline{12 + last \text{ grade}}$ )							

phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu



#### NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet

# Form A1: Subject Demographics

	Cente	er: ADC Su	Form Date://			
	recor (as n Guid	rds, subject interview, medical re eeded). For additional clarificatio	pleted by intake interviewer per ADC schedund edical records, and proxy informant report parification and examples, see UDS Coding ket, Form A1. Check only <u>one</u> box per quest			ADC Visit #:
INMI	1. OS	Subject enrolled in NACC MDS:	□ 1	Yes	□ 0	No
EASC	2.	Primary reason for coming to ADC:	□ 1	Participate in research study	□ 3	Other (specify):
LAOC		ADC.	$\square$ 2	Clinical evaluation REASONX	□9	Unknown
	3.	Principal referral source:	□ 1	Self/relative/friend	□ 6	Population sample
REF	ER		$\square$ 2	Clinician	□ 7	Non-ADC media appeal
			$\square 3$	ADC solicitation		(e.g., Alzheimer's Association)
			□ 4	Non-ADC study	□ 8	Other ( <i>specify</i> ):
			□ 5	Clinic sample RE	FERX	
					□9	Unknown
DECT	4.	Presumed disease status at	$\Box$ 1	Case/patient/proband	□ 3	No presumed disease status
REST	AT	enrollment:	$\square$ 2	Control/normal		
RESF	5. PAR1	Presumed participation:	□ 1	Initial evaluation only	□ 2	Longitudinal follow-up planned
		4.D.G. 11				0.1 1.00.0
OUR	6. <b>CF</b>	ADC enrollment type:		Clinical Core		Other ADC Core/project
			<u> </u>	Satellite Core	<u>⊔4</u>	Center-affiliated/non-ADC
	7.	Subject's month/year of birth:	HMO ———	BIRTHYR		
SI	8. <b>≣X</b>	Subject's sex:	□ 1	Male	□ 2	Female

aped:	Рапісіра	ant ID#	i 1-		Date:
Cente	er: ADC Subj	ject ID	:	Forr	m Date://
recor	E: This form is to be completed by rds, subject interview, medical receeded). For additional clarificatio ebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form	cords, n and	and proxy informant report examples, see UDS Coding	_	ADC Visit #:
9.	Does the subject report being	□ 1	Yes	□ 9	Unknown
NIC	of Hispanic/Latino ethnicity (i.e., having origins from a mainly Spanish-speaking Latin American country), regardless of race?	□ 0	No		
	9a. If yes, what are the	□ 1	Mexican/Chicano/	□ 5	Central American
	subject's reported origins?		Mexican-American	□ 6	South American
		$\square 2$	Puerto Rican	☐ 50 SPORX	Other (specify):
		□ 3 □ 4	Cuban HI Dominican		Unknown
					Chillown
10.	What does subject report as	□ 1	White	□ 4	Native Hawaiian or Othe
CE	his/her race?	$\square$ 2	Black or African American		Pacific Islander
		□ 3	American Indian or Alaska	□ 5	Asian
			Native	□ 50 RACEX	Other ( <i>specify</i> ):
			_		Unknown
	What additional race does	□ 1	White	□ 5	Asian
SEC	subject report?	$\square$ 2	Black or African American	□ 50	Other (specify):
		□ 3	American Indian or Alaska Native	<u>ESEUX</u> □ 88	None reported
		□ 4	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	□ 99	Unknown
	What additional race, beyond	□ 1	White	□ 5	Asian
rer	what was indicated above in questions 10 and 11, does	$\square$ 2	Black or African American		Other (specify):
	subject report?	□ 3	American Indian or A Native		None reported
		□ 4	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander		Unknown

laped:	Particip	ant ID#	I-		Date:
Center:	ADC Sub	ject ID:		For	m Date://
records, subject (as needed). For	interview, medical readditional clarification	ecords, on and	e interviewer per ADC s and proxy informant rep examples, see UDS Cod Check only <u>one</u> box per	oort ing	ADC Visit #:
13. Subject's j	primary language:	□ 1	English	□ 6	Japanese
ANG		$\square$ 2	Spanish	□ 8	Other primary language
		□ 3	Mandarin	PRIMLANX	(specify):
		□ 4	Cantonese	□ 9	Unknown
		□ 5	Russian		
below; if a years atter	an attempted level is	not cor SED = 1	chieved level using the onpleted, enter the numb 2; Bachelors degree = 1 years:	er of	_ (99 = Unknown)
	e subject's living	$\Box$ 1	Lives alone	$\Box 4$	Lives with group
VSIT situation?		□ 2	Lives with spouse or partner	☐ 5	Other (specify):
		$\square 3$	Lives with relative or f	riend $\square$ 9	Unknown
	e subject's level of	□ 1	Able to live independe	ntly	Requires some assistan
END independe	independence?	$\square$ 2	Requires some assistan		with basic activities
			with complex activities		Completely dependent
				□ 9	Unknown
17. What is the DENC type of res	e subject's primary		Single family residence		Skilled nursing facility nursing home
type of res	idence:		Retirement community	□ 5	_
		□ 3	Assisted living/ boarding home/adult family home	nσ	
				□ 9	Unknown
	primary residence First 3 digits):	(leave	 blank if unknown)		
19. Subject's	current marital	□ 1	Married	□ 5	Never married
TAT status:		$\square$ 2	Widowed	□ 6	Living as married
		□ 3	Divorced	□ 8	Other (specify):
		□ 4	Separated	MARISTAX	
				□ 9	Unknown
	ect left- or right-	$\Box$ 1	Left-handed	□ 3	Ambidextrous
hand woul	or example, which d s/he normally use throw a ball)?	□ 2	Right-handed	□ 9	Unknown



Date: phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu



### NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet

# Form A2: Informant Demographics

Cent	ter: ADC Subject	ct ID:_		Form I	Date://
repo	TE: This form is to be completed by in ort. For additional clarification and exa nitial Visit Packet, Form A2. Check on	amples	, see UDS Coding Guideboo	k	ADC Visit #:
1.	Informant's month/year of birth:	(99/99	/ INBIRYR / D99 = Unknown)		
2.	Informant's sex:	□ 1	Male	□ 2	Female
3. INHISP	1 &	□ 1	Yes		No Unknown
NHISPO	3a. If yes, what are the informant's reported origins?	□ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4	Mexican-American Puerto Rican Cuban	☐ 5 ☐ 6 ☐ 50 SPOX ☐ 99	Central American  South American  Other (specify):  Unknown
4. NRACE	What does informant report as his/her race?	□ 1 □ 2 □ 3	White Black or African American American Indian or Alaska Native	☐ 5 ☐ 50 RACEX	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander Asian Other (specify): Unknown
5.	What additional race does informant report?	□ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4	American Indian or Araska Native	□ 50 SECX □ 88	Asian Other (specify):  None reported Unknown

rapeu.	Farticipant	D#	1-		Date.
Cent	er: ADC Subjec	ct ID:_		Form D	Date://
repo	E: This form is to be completed by int rt. For additional clarification and exa nitial Visit Packet, Form A2. Check on	mples	s, see UDS Coding Guidebook		ADC Visit #:
6.	What additional race, beyond what	□ 1	White	□ 5	Asian
TER	was indicated above in questions 4 and 5, does informant report?	$\square$ 2			
		□ 3	American Indian or Alaska Native		None reported
		□ 4	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	□ 99	Unknown
7.	Informant's years of education (reported below; if an attempted level is not converted attended). High school/GED = Master's degree = 18; Doctorate = 2	omple 12; B	ted, enter the number of Bachelors degree = 16;		(99 = Unknown)
	What is informant's relationship to subject?		-		Friend/neighbor
	subject.		Child		Paid caregiver/provide
		□ 3	Sibling	☐ 7 LTOX	Other ( <i>specify</i> ):
		□ 4	Other relative	LIOX	]
	Does the informant live with the subject?	□ 1	Yes (if yes, skip to #10)	□ 0	No
	9a. If no, approximate frequency	□ 1	Daily	□ 4	At least 3x/month
INVISI	TS of in-person visits:	□ 2	At least 3x/week	□ 5	Monthly
		□ 3	Weekly	□ 6	Less than once a mont
	9b. If no, approximate frequency	□ 1	Daily	□ 4	At least 3x/month
NCAL	LS of telephone contact:	□ 2	At least 3x/week	□ 5	Monthly
		□ 3	Weekly	□ 6	Less than once a mont
10	Is there a question about the		Yes		No
	informant's reliability?	ш 1	100	⊔ 0	110

Date:

phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu



Taped:

# NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet Form A3: Subject Family History

Center:	AI	DC Subject ID:		Form Date:/	/					
eport. For addition	TE: This form is to be completed by intake interviewer per subject/informant ADC Visit #: bort. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for tial Visit Packet, Form A3.  Examiner's initials:									
For the following	questions:									
Alzheimer's Di	sease, hardenin		er causes that co	n described as senility, demendence on the subject's social control of the subject's social control of the subject of the subj						
Age at onset refe	ers to the age at	which dementia sympto	ms began, not th	he age at which the diagnosi	s was made.					
Please consider <u>blood relatives</u> only.										
PARENTS:										
	a. Year of birth	b. Is the parent still living?	c. If deceased, indicate year of death	d. Does/did this parent have dementia (defined above), as indicated by symptoms, history or diagnosis?	e. If yes, indicate age at onset					
	(9999=unknown)	Yes No Unknown	(9999=unknown)	Yes No Unknown	(999=unknown)					
1. Mother	MOMYOB	□ 1 <mark>MOMLIV</mark> □ 9	MOMYOD	□ 1 <b>MOMDEM</b> □ 9	MOMONSE					
2. Father	DADYOB	□ 1 DADLIV □ 9	DADYOD	□1 DADDÊM □9 [	DADONSET					
SIBLINGS:										
3. Is the subject	t a twin?	□1 Y	Yes	□ 0 No □ 9 U	Jnknown					
3a. If yes, in	dicate type:		Monozygotic .e., identical)	☐ 2 Dizygotic ☐ 9 U (i.e., fraternal)	Jnknown					
4. How many f	ull siblings did tl	he subject have?		(99 = <i>Unknown</i> )						
5. For all full si	blings, indicate	the following:								
	5a. Year of birth	5b. Is the sibling still living?	5c. If deceased, indicate year of death	5d.  Does/did this sibling have dementia (defined above), as indicated by symptoms, history or diagnosis?	5e. If yes, indicate age at onset					
	(9999=unknown)	Yes No Unknown	(9999=unknown)	Yes No Unknown	(999=unknown)					
Sibling 1	SIB1YOB	□ 1 SIB1LIV □ 9	SIB1YOD	□1 SIB1DEM □9	SIB1ONS					
Sibling 2	SIB2YOB	□ 1 SIB2LIV □ 9	SIB2YOD	□1 SIB2DEM □9	SIB2ONS					
Sibling 3	SIB3YOB	□ 1 SIB3LIV □ 9	SIB3YOD	□ 1 <b>SIB3DEM</b> □ 9	SIB3ONS					

Гареd:	Participant ID#	T-	Date:
Center:	ADC Subject ID:		Form Date://

NOTE: This form is to be completed by intake interviewer per subject/informant report. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form A3..

ADC Visit #:\_\_ \_\_

SIBLINGS: (continued)	5a. Year of birth	5b. Is the sibling still living?	5c. If deceased, indicate year of death	5d.  Does/did this sibling have dementia (defined above), as indicated by symptoms, history or diagnosis?	5e. If yes, indicate age at onset
	(9999=unknown)	Yes No Unknown	(9999=unknown)	Yes No Unknown	(999=unknown)
Sibling 4	SIB4YOB	□ 1 SIB4LIV □ 9	SIB4YOD	□1 SIB4DEM □9	SIB4ONS
Sibling 5	SIB5YOB	□ 1 SIB5LIV □ 9	SIB5YOD	□ 1	SIB5ONS
Sibling 6	SIB6YOB	☐ 1 <b>SIB6LIV</b> ☐ 9	SIB6YOD	□1 SIB6DEM □9	SIB6ONS
Sibling 7	SIB7YOB	☐ 1 SIB7LIV ☐ 9	SIB7YOD	□ 1 <b>SIB7DEM</b> □ 9	SIB7ONS
Sibling 8	SIB8YOB	☐ 1 <b>SIB8LIV</b> ☐ 9	SIB8YOD	□1 SIB8DEM □9	SIB8ONS
Sibling 9	SIB9YOB	□ 1 <b>SIB9LIV</b> □ 9	SIB9YOD	□1 SIB9DEM □9	SIB9ONS
Sibling 10	SIB10YOB	☐ 1 <mark>SIB10LIV</mark> 9	SIB10YOD	☐ 1 <b>SIB10DEM</b> ☐ 9	SIB10ONS
Sibling 11	SIB11YOB	☐ 1 SIB11LIV ] 9	SIB11YOD	□ 1 SIB11DEM □ 9	SIB110NS
Sibling 12	SIB12YOB	☐ 1 SIB12LIV 9	SIB12YOD	☐ 1 SIB12DEM ☐ 9	SIB12ONS
Sibling 13	SIB13YOB	☐ ISIB13LIV ☐ 9	SIB13YOD	□ 1	SIB13ONS
Sibling 14	SIB14YOB	☐ ISIB14LIV 9	SIB14YOD	☐ 1 SIB14DEM ☐ 9	SIB14ONS
Sibling 15	SIB15YOB	☐ <b>SIB15LIV</b> ☐ 9	SIB15YOD	☐ 1 <b>SIB15DEM</b> ☐ 9	SIB15ONS
Sibling 16	SIB16YOB	□	SIB16YOD	□ 1 <b>SIB16DEM</b> □ 9	SIB16ONS
Sibling 17	SIB17YOB	□	SIB17YOD	□ 1 <b>SIB17DEM</b> □ 9	SIB17ONS
Sibling 18	SIB18TOB	□ SIB18LIV □ 9	SIB19YOD	□ 1	SIB18ONS
Sibling 19	SIB19YOB	☐ 1SIB19LIV 9	SIB19YOD	□ 1 <b>SIB19DEM</b> □ 9	SIB19ONS
Sibling 20	SIB20YOB	□ SIB20LIV 9	SIB20YOD	□ 1 <b>SIB20DEM</b> □ 9	SIB20ONS

Taped:	Р	articipant ID#	T-	Date:						
Center:	A	DC Subject ID:		Form Date:/_	/					
NOTE: This form is to be completed by intake interviewer per subject/informant ADC Visit #: report. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form A3										
CHILDR	CHILDREN:									
	nany biological childr	en did the subject have	?	(99 = Unknown)						
7. For all	l biological children, i	ndicate the following:								
	7a. Year of birth	7b. Is the child still living?	7c. If deceased, indicate year of death	7d.  Does/did this child have dementia (defined above), as indicated by symptoms, history or diagnosis?	7e. If yes, indicate age at onset					
	(9999=unknown)	Yes No Unknown	(9999=unknown)	Yes No Unknown	(999=unknown)					
Child 1	KID1YOB	$\square$ 1 KID1LIV $\square$ 9	KID1YOD	□ 1 <b>KID1DEM</b> □ 9	KID10NS					
Child 2	KID2YOB	☐ 1 <mark>KID2LIV</mark> ☐ 9	KID2YOD	□1 KID2DEM □9	KID2ONS					
Child 3	KID3YOB	☐ 1 <mark>KID3LIV</mark> ☐ 9	KID3YOD	□ 1 <b>KID3DEM</b> □ 9	KID3ONS					
Child 4	KID4YOB	□ 1 <mark>KID4LIV</mark> □ 9	KID4YOD	□ 1 <b>KID4DEM</b> □ 9	KID4ONS					
Child 5	KID5YOB	☐ 1 <mark>KID5LIV</mark> ☐ 9	KID5YOD	□ 1 <b>KID5DEM</b> □ 9	KID5ONS					
Child 6	KID6YOB	☐ 1 <mark>KID6LIV</mark> ☐ 9	KID6YOD	□ 1 <b>KID6DEM</b> □ 9	KID6ONS					
Child 7	KID7YOB	☐ 1 <mark>KID7LIV</mark> ☐ 9	KID7YOD	□ 1 <b>KID7DEM</b> □ 9	KID7ONS					
Child 8	KID8YOB	☐ 1 <mark>KID8LIV</mark> ☐ 9	KID8YOD	□ 1 <b>KID8DEM</b> □ 9	KID8ONS					
Child 9	KID9YOB	☐ 1 <mark>KID9LIV</mark> ☐ 9	KID9YOD	□ 1 <b>KID9DEM</b> □ 9	KID9ONS					
Child 10	KID10YOB	□ I <mark>KID10LIV</mark> 9	KID10YOD	□ 1 <b>KID10DEM</b> □ 9	KID100NS					
Child-10	KID11YOB	□ [KID11LIV] 9	KID11YOD	□ 1 KID11DEM □ 9	KID110NS					
Child 11	KID12YOB	☐ IKID12LIV 9	KID12YOD	□ 1 <b>KID12DEM</b> □ 9	KID12ONS					
Child 13	KID13YOB	☐ [KID13LIV] 9	KID13YOD	□ 1 KID13DEM □ 9	KID13ONS					
Child 14	KDI14YOB	□ 1 <mark>KID14LIV</mark> ] 9	KID14YO	□ 1 KID14DEM □ 9	KID14ONS					
Child 15	KID15YOB	□ (KID15LIV) 9	KID15YOD	□ 1 <b>KID15DEM</b> □ 9	KID15ONS					

Taped:	Pa	articipant ID#	T-	
Center:	AI	OC Subject ID:		Form Da
	onal clarification	ted by intake interviev n and examples, see U		
OTHER DEME	ENTED RELAT	TIVES:		
		relatives" (cousins, auras indicated by sympto		
	er demented rela	tives" (cousins, aunts, uring:	uncles, grandpare	ents, half
	9a. Year of birth	9b. Is the relative still living?	9c. If deceased, indicate year of death	9d. Indicate age at onset
	(9999=unknown)	Yes No Unknown	(9999=unknown)	(999=unknown)
Relative 1	REL1YOB	☐ 1REL1LIV ☐ 9	REL1YOD	REL1ONS
Relative 2	REL3YOB	□ REL2LIV □ 9	REL2YOD	REL2ONS
Relative 3	REL3YOB	□ :REL3LIV □ 9	REL3YOD	REL3ONS
Relative 4	REL4YOB	□ IREL4LIV □ 9	REL4YOD	REL4ONS
Relative 5	REL5YOB	□ 1REL5LIV □ 9	REL5YOD	REL5ONS
Relative 6	REL6YOB	□ 1REL6LIV □ 9	REL6YOD	REL6ONS
Relative 7	REL7YOB	□ REL7LIV □ 9	REL7YOD	REL7ON
Relative 8	REL8YOB	□ REL8LIV □ 9	REL8YOD	REL8ONS
Relative 9	REL9YOB	□ REL9LIV □ 9	REL9YOD	REL9ONS
Relative 10	REL10YOB	□ REL10LIV 9	REL10YOD	REL10ONS
Relative 11	REL11YOB	□ REL11LIV 9	REL11YOD	REL11ONS
Relative 12	REL12YOB	□ IREL12LIV 9	REL12YOD	REL12ONS
Relative 13	REL13YOB	□ REL13LIV 9	REL13YOD	REL13ONS
Relative 14	REL14YOB	□ IREL14LIV 9	REL14YOD	REL14ONS
Relative 15	REL15YOB	□ REL15LIV 9	REL15YOD	REL15ONS

Date:

ADC Visit #:\_\_ \_\_

Taped:

Participant ID#

T-

Date:

Intentionally Blank Page

raped:	Participant ID#	1-	Date:		
*105a.	N Health His. How would you rate his/her overall physical he	•			
int407	a. excellent (1) b. good (2) c. fair (3) d. p	ooor (4)			
*104. nt403	Has he/she had physical health problems in th Yes (1) No (0) Medical records for	•			
the pa	"A fall is an unexpected event in which a person const 12 months, has the Participant had any fall ind ce and landed on the floor, ground or lower level:	cluding a slip or trip in whi			
650. F	Falls? NO YES If yes, (651) Numbe	er of Falls:			
652. I	f had falls, did he/she have injuries as a result of yes to #652, how many falls with minor injury(i	f his/her falls?No _			injury:
	f yes to #652, how many falls with serious injury and describe:	v(ies)(hospitalization, fract	ure etc)	?	Give
List Sı	rgeries (in the last 5 years): List Hospi	talizations (in the last 5 ye	are).		
	Has he/she been treated for psychiatric illess in the last year? Yes No	s (depression or emotiona Describe:	al/behav	ioral p	roblem)
H E N T 121. V	In the last year, has he/she had problems with helead yes no Breathing Eyes yes no Bowels Ears yes no Bowels Nose yes no Bladder Throat yes no Mouth Weight yes no ibe yes responses from above:	is/her:  yesno yesno yesno yesno yesno			
*578. H	Questionnaire (Boeve BR unpublished) Have the following Have you ever seen him/her appear to "act out his/her dresounched or flailed arms in the air, shouted or screamed)		last 6 mc	os)? NO	DK
*579. E	Do his/her legs repeatedly jerk or twitch during sleep (not j Does he/she complain of a restless, nervous, tingly, or cre s/her legs that disrupts his/her ability to fall or stay asleep	epy-crawly feeling in	YES YES	NO NO	DK DK
*581. F	Has he/she ever snorted or choked him/herself awake? Does he/she ever seem to stop breathing during sleep?		YES YES	NO NO	DK DK
*584. F	Does he/she have leg cramps/"Charlie Horse" at night? Rate his/her general level of alertness for the past 3 weeks 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 leep all dayFully awake and normal	s from 0 to 10	YES	NO	DK

Taped: Participant ID#

T-

Date:

<u><b>N</b></u> Does h	ne/she	e h	ave :	an	ny of <b>DK</b>	monyys Onset	illnesses? *check this column for medically significant intercurrent event since last evaluation ILLNESS
conc *107	1		0		.Q	on_conc	LOC/Fainting
int380 <sup>*</sup> 110		П				on_walk	Problems Walking
int381 <sup>+111</sup>		П				on_move	Abnormal Movements
int382 112		П				on_seiz	Seizures
pois *113						on_pois	Poison Exposure
lung *114						on_lung	Chronic Lung Disease
heart *115						on_heart	Heart Disease
liver *116		Ц				on_liver	Liver Disease
kidn *117		Ц				on_kidn	Kidney Disease
oper *119						on_oper	Operations
*331						on_visi	Glaucoma/Cataracts
tuber *332		П		П		on_tuber	Tuberculosis
*333						on_circ	Circulation Problems/Extremities
ulcer *334		П				on_ulcer	Ulcers/Digestive System
canc *335		П				on-canc	Cancer
anem 336		П		П		on_anem	Anemia
press*338						on_press	Pressure Sores/Leg Ulcers
*339						on_fx	Fractures
autoimm						on_autoii	
healt *555						on_healt	Other:

Allergies:

N551. Has he/she taken medication to stimulate, or enhance thinking; or been in a drug study for Alzheimer's disease ever (if T1) or in the last year (if after T1)?

No 0 \*yes 1 If yes, complete dementia drug history below:

Name of Drug	Date Started	Date stopped	
stim1	stim1b	stim1e	
stim2	stim2b	stim2e	
stim3	stim3b	stim3e	
stim4	stim4b	stim4e	
stim5	stim5b	stim5e	

T-

Date:

phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu



# NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet Form A5: Subject Health History

Center:	ADC Subject II	F	Form Date://					
and exa	This form is to be completed by the clamples, see UDS Coding Guidebook foonly one box per question.		ADC Visit #:					
	Record the presence or absence of a <u>history</u> of these conditions at this visit as determined by the clinician's best judgment, based on informant report, medical records, and/or observation.							
1. Ca	ardiovascular disease	Absent	Recent/Active	Remote/Inactive	Unknown			
CVHATT a.	Heart attack/cardiac arrest	$\square 0$	$\Box$ 1	$\square$ 2	□ 9			
CVAFIB b.	Atrial fibrillation	$\square 0$	□ 1	$\square$ 2	□ 9			
CVANGIO c.	Angioplasty/endarterectomy/stent	$\square 0$	□ 1	$\square$ 2	□ 9			
CVBYPASS .	Cardiac bypass procedure	$\square 0$	□ 1	$\square$ 2	□ 9			
CVPACE e.	Pacemaker	$\Box 0$	□ 1	$\square$ 2	□ 9			
CVCHF f.	Congestive heart failure	$\Box 0$	□ 1	$\square$ 2	□ 9			
	Other (specify):	$\Box 0$	□ 1	$\square$ 2	□9			
<u>-</u> _	erebrovascular disease	Absent	Recent/Active	Remote/Inactive	Unknown			
	Stroke  If recent/active or	$\Box 0$	□ 1	□ 2	□ 9			
	remote/inactive, indicate year(s) in which this occurred: (9999 = Year unknown)			STROK3YR  3)  STROK6YR  6)				
CBTIA b.	Transient ischemic attack If recent/active or remote/inactive, indicate year(s)	$\Box 0$	□ 1	□ 2	□ 9			
	in which this occurred: (9999 = Year unknown)	1) TIA1YR 4)	2) TIA2YR 5) TIA5YR	3) 6)				
CBOTHR c.	Other (specify):	□ 0	□ 1	$\Box$ 2	□ 9			

Taped:	Participant ID#	Т	· <u>-</u>	Date:	
Center:	ADC Subject ID	:	1	Form Date:/_	_/
and exa	This form is to be completed by the climples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for only one box per question.			n ADC v	Visit #:
3. Pa	rkinsonian features		Absent	Recent/Active	Unknown
PD a.	Parkinson's disease		$\Box 0$	$\Box$ 1	□ 9
	If recent/active, indicate year of diag	nosis: 99 = Year unknown)	PDYR		
PDOTHR b.	Other Parkinsonism disorder		$\square 0$	$\Box$ 1	□ 9
	If recent/active, indicate year of diag	gnosis: 19 = Year unknown)	PDOTHRYR		
4. Ot	her neurologic conditions	Absent	Recent/Active	Remote/Inactive	Unknown
SEIZURES a.	Seizures	$\square 0$	$\Box$ 1	$\square$ 2	□ 9
b.	Traumatic brain injury				
TRAUMBRF	1) with brief loss of consciousness (< 5 minutes)	$\Box 0$	□ 1	□ 2	□ 9
TRAUMEXT	consciousness (≥ 5 minutes)	$\Box 0$	□ 1	□ 2	□ 9
TRAUMCHR	3) with chronic deficit or dysfunction	$\Box 0$	□ 1	□ 2	□ 9
	Other ( <i>specify</i> ):	$\square  0$	□ 1	□ 2	□ 9
	edical/metabolic conditions	Absent	Recent/Active	Remote/Inactive	Unknown
HYPERTEN <mark>a.</mark>		Absent  □ 0		□ 2	□ 9
HYPERCHO		$\square$ 0	□ 1	□ 2	□ 9
DIABETES c.		$\square  0$	□ 1	□ 2	□ 9
B12DEF d.	B12 deficiency	$\square$ 0	□ 1	□ 2	□ 9
THYROID e.	Thyroid disease	$\square  0$	□ 1	□ 2	□ 9
INCONT f.	Incontinence – urinary	$\square 0$	□ 1	$\square$ 2	□ 9

**INCONTF** g. Incontinence – bowel

 $\Box 0$ 

 $\Box$  1

 $\square$  2

□ 9

Taped:		Participant ID#		T-		Date:	
Center	:	ADC Subject ID:			I	Form Date:/	_/
and ex	kampl	form is to be completed by the clinic es, see UDS Coding Guidebook for In one box per question.				n ADC	Visit #:
6. Г	Depres	ssion			No	Yes	Unknown
EP2YRS a	ı. Ac	tive within past 2 years			$\square \ 0$	$\Box$ 1	□ 9
<b>EPOTHR</b> b	o. Otl	her episodes (prior to 2 years)			$\square 0$	□ 1	□ 9
	Substa lisord	ance abuse and psychiatric ers					
a	. Su	bstance abuse – alcohol	Absent		Recent/Active	Remote/Inactive	Unknown
	1)	Clinically significant impairment occurring over a 12-month period manifested in one of the following: work, driving, legal or social.	□ 0		□1	□ 2	□ 9
b	. Ciş	garette smoking history			No	Yes	Unknown
TOBAC30	1)	Has subject smoked within last 30 days?			$\Box 0$	□ 1	□ 9
TOBAC100	2)	Has subject smoked more than 100 cigarettes in his/her life?			$\square  0$	□ 1	□ 9
SMOKYRS	3)	Total years smoked: $(88 = N/A;$	99 = Unkn	own)			
	4)	Average number of packs/day smok	red:				
PACKSPER		$\Box 1  1 \text{ cigarette} -< \frac{1}{2} \text{ p}$		□ 4	$1\frac{1}{2} - < 2$ pack	s □9 Unkn	own
		$\square 2  \frac{1}{2} - < 1 \text{ pack}$			$\geq 2$ packs	5	.0 ,, 11
		$\square 3  1 - < 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ pack}$			N/A		
QUITSMOR	5)	If subject quit smoking, specify age when last smoked (i.e., quit):  (888 = N/A; 9					
С	. Otl	her abused substances	Absent		Recent/Active	Remote/Inactive	Unknown
ABUSOTHR	1)	Clinically significant impairment occurring over a 12-month period manifested in one of the following: work, driving, legal or social.	□ 0		□ 1	□ 2	□ 9
AB	USX	If recent/active or remote/inactive,	specify a	bused	substance(s):		
	1	ychiatric disorders			□ 1	□ 2	□ 9
PSYCDIS	If 1	recent/active or remote/inactive, spec	ary disor	der(s)	:		

UDS Initial Form A5: Subject Health History (version 2.0, February 2008)

MEDICATION NAME	DOSAGE	ROUTE	FREQ.	DATE MED. STARTED



phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu



### NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet Form A4: Subject Medications

Center: ADC Subject	ID:	Form Date://	
NOTE: This form is to be completed by the medications (prescription, non-prescription by the subject within the past two weeks.			:
If a medication is not one of the 100 drugs name and determine its drugID by using the https://www.alz.washington.edu/NONMEME	e Lookup To	ol on the NACC website at	:
Is the subject currently taking any medicat	ions? □	l Yes □ No	
Medication Name	drugID	Medication Name	drugID
acetaminophen (Anacin, Tempra, Tylenol)	d00049	☐ cyanocobalamin (Neuroforte-R, Vitamin B12)	d00413
acetaminophen-hydrocodone (Vicodin)	d03428	digoxin (Digitek, Lanoxin)	d00210
albuterol (Proventil, Ventolin, Volmax)	d00749	☐ diltiazem (Cardizem, Tiazac)	d00045
alendronate (Fosamax)	d03849	☐ divalproex sodium (Depakote)	d03833
allopurinol (Aloprim, Lopurin, Zyloprim)	d00023	☐ docusate (Calcium Stool Softener, Dioctyl SS)	d01021
alprazolam (Niravam, Xanax)	d00168	☐ donepezil (Aricept)	d04099
amitriptyline (Elavil, Endep, Vanatrip)	d00146	☐ enalapril (Vasotec)	d00013
amlodipine (Norvasc)	d00689	☐ ergocalciferol (Calciferol, Drisdol, Vitamin D)	d03128
ascorbic acid (C Complex, Vitamin C)	d00426	☐ escitalopram (Lexapro)	d04812
☐ aspirin	d00170	☐ estradiol (Estrace, Estrogel, Fempatch)	d00537
atenolol (Senormin, Tenormin)	d00004	☐ famotidine (Mylanta AR, Pepcid)	d00141
atorvastatin (Lipitor)	d04105	ferrous sulfate (FeroSul, Iron Supplement)	d03824
benazepril (Lotensin)	d00730	fexofenadine (Allegra)	d04040
bupropion (Budeprion, Wellbutrin, Zyban)	d00181	☐ finasteride (Propecia, Proscar)	d00563
acetate (Calphron, PhosLo)	d03689	☐ fluoxetine (Prozac)	d00236
alcium carbonate (Rolaids, Tums)	d00425	folic acid (Folic Acid)	d00241
alcium-vitamin D (Dical-D, O-Cal-D)	d03137	☐ furosemide (Lasix)	d00070
arbidopa-levodopa (Atamet, Sinemet)	d03473	gabapentin (Neurontin)	d03182
celecoxib (Celebrex)	d04380	galantamine (Razadyne, Reminyl)	d04750
☐ citalopram (Celexa)	d04332	☐ glipizide (Glucotrol)	d00246
Clonazepam (Klonopin)	d00197	glucosamine (Hydrochloride)	d04418
Clopidogrel (Plavix)	d04258	glyburide (DiaBeta, Glycron, Micronase)	d00248
conjugated estrogens (Cenestin, Premarin)	d00541	hydrochlorothiazide (Esidrix, Hydrodiuril)	d00253
conj. estrogmedroxyprogesterone (Prempro)	d03819	hydrochlorothiazide-triamterene (Dyazide)	d03052

Taped:	Participant ID#	T-	Date:
Center:	ADC Subject ID:		Form Date://
medications (preso	s to be completed by the clinician cription, non-prescription, and vita		
	not one of the 100 drugs listed bel		-

If a medication is not one of the 100 drugs listed below, specify the drug or brand name and determine its drugID by using the Lookup Tool on the NACC website at <a href="https://www.alz.washington.edu/NONMEMBER/UDS/DrugCodeLookUp.html">https://www.alz.washington.edu/NONMEMBER/UDS/DrugCodeLookUp.html</a>.

Medication Name	drugID
ibuprofen (Advil, Motrin, Nuprin)	d00015
☐ lansoprazole (Prevacid)	d03828
☐ latanoprost ophthalmic (Xalatan)	d04017
☐ levothyroxine (Levothroid, Levoxyl, Synthroid)	d00278
☐ lisinopril (Prinivil, Zestril)	d00732
☐ Ioratadine (Alavert, Claritin, Dimetapp, Tavist)	d03050
☐ Iorazepam (Ativan)	d00149
☐ Iosartan (Cozaar)	d03821
☐ Iovastatin (Altocor, Mevacor)	d00280
☐ medroxyprogesterone (Depo-Provera)	d00284
memantine (Namenda)	d04899
metformin (Glucophage, Riomet)	d03807
metoprolol (Lopressor, Toprol-XL)	d00134
mirtazapine (Remeron)	d04025
☐ multivitamin	d03140
☐ multivitamin with minerals	d03145
naproxen (Aleve, Anaprox, Naprosyn)	d00019
☐ niacin (Niacor, Nico-400, Nicotinic Acid)	d00314
nifedipine (Adalat, Procardia)	d00051
nitroglycerin (Nitro-Bid, Nitro-Dur, Nitrostat)	d00321
☐ olanzapine (Zyprexa)	d04050
omega-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids (Omacor)	d00497
☐ omeprazole (Prilosec)	d00325
oxybutynin (Ditropan, Urotrol)	d00328
☐ pantoprazole (Protonix)	d04514
paroxetine (Paxil, Paxil CR, Pexeva)	d03157
☐ phenytoin (Dilantin)	d00143
potassium chloride (K-Dur 10, K-Lor, Slow-K)	d00345
pravastatin (Pravachol)	d00348
prednisone (Deltasone, Orasone)	d00350
psyllium (Fiberall, Metamucil)	d01018

Medication Name	drugID
pyridoxine (Vitamin B6)	d00412
uetiapine (Seroquel)	d04220
rabeprazole (Aciphex)	d04448
☐ raloxifene (Evista)	d04261
☐ ranitidine (Zantac)	d00021
risperidone (Risperdal)	d03180
rivastigmine (Exelon)	d04537
sertraline (Zoloft)	d00880
simvastatin (Zocor)	d00746
tamsulosin (Flomax)	d04121
temazepam (Restoril)	d00384
terazosin (Hytrin)	d00386
tolterodine (Detrol)	d04294
trazodone (Desyrel)	d00395
☐ trolamine salicylate topical (Analgesia Creme)	d03884
ualsartan (Diovan)	d04113
☐ venlafaxine (Effexor)	d03181
□ verapamil (Calan, Isoptin, Verelan)	d00048
☐ vitamin E (Aquavite-E, Centrum Singles)	d00405
warfarin (Coumadin, Jantoven)	d00022
zolpidem (Ambien)	d00910
Specify:	d
Specify:	d
Specify:	d
☐ Specify:	d
☐ Specify:	d
☐ Specify:	d
Specify:	d
Specify:	d
☐ Specify:	d
☐ Specify:	d

Taped:		Participant ID#	I-	Da	ate:		
*DATE: t	estdat	COLLATERAL S	SOURCE INTER	RVIEW			
*INTERVIEWE Clinician: te Non-Physicia	ED BY: ester an: tester2	*REVIEWED	Note: Re	eview previous healt efore beginning inte		ry	-
If T-1, Social W	Vorker						
		**** <u>STA</u>	RT TAPE ****				
*579. CS#:		How I	ong has the CS	known the Participa	ant?		
How often does	the CS see the	subject?	talk with the P	articipant (e.g. phor	ne)?		
appointm reduced mental fi	ry of recent ph nents, repeating ability in calcul unction; separ	JNESS Jysical and mental he g questions or state ations, visuospatial p ate change due to v did it begin? course	ements, mispla problems, etc. physical declir	cing items, word-fii Emphasis should b	nding o e on <u>ch</u>	lifficult <u>ange</u> i	y, in
`	drowsy and let	J et al Neurology 2004; hargic during the day		enough sleep	YES	NO	DK
	she sleep 2 or r	more hours during the	day (before 7 p	m)?	YES	NO	DK
eps2hrs *587. Are there	times when his	s/her flow of ideas is d	lisorganized, un	clear or not logical?	YES	NO	DK
<mark>gical</mark> *588. Does he/s	she tend to star	e into space for perio	ds of time?	-	YES	NO	DK
res		•					
• •		sad or blue, or depressed more?	d most of the day		Y	N	
15. In the last year		eath/Suicidal Ide she feels that life is not wo nmitting suicide?		P] expressed	Y	N	



e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu

phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927

# $NACC\ Uniform\ Data\ Set\ (UDS)-Initial\ Visit\ Packet$ Form B5: Behavioral Assessment – Neuropsychiatric Inventory Questionnaire (NPI-Q¹)

C	enter: ADC Subject ID: Form Date:/	/_				Al	DC V1S1	t #:	
by	OTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health professional per informant interv the training video. (This is <u>not</u> to be completed by the subject as a paper-and-pencil self-report.) For infor PI-Q Interviewer Certification, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B5. Check only <u>one</u>	rmatior	regard	ding			er's initia	als:	
F	Please ask the following questions based upon <u>changes</u> . Indicate "yes" only if the symptom has been present	t in the	past m	onth; o	thei	rwise, i	ndicate	"no".	
F	For each item marked "yes", rate the SEVERITY of the symptom (how it affects the patient):  1 = Mild (noticeable, but not a significant change)  2 = Moderate (significant, but not a dramatic change)  3 = Severe (very marked or prominent; a dramatic change)								
ZIN	F NPI informant: □ 1 Spouse □ 2 Child □ 3 Other (specify): NPIQINFX		Yes	No			S	everity	7
2	2. DELUSIONS:  Does the patient believe that others are stealing from him or her, or planning to harm him or her in some way?	2a.	□ 1	 0		2b.		□ 2 LSEV	□ 3 <b>′</b>
	B. HALLUCINATIONS:  Does the patient act as if he or she hears voices? Does he or she talk to people who are not there?	3a.	□ 1 HA			3b.		□ 2 LLSE	
4	I. AGITATION OR AGGRESSION: Is the patient stubborn and resistive to help from others?	4a.	□ 1 AG			4b.		☐ 2 ITSE\	□ 3 <b>/</b>
-	5. DEPRESSION OR DYSPHORIA:  Does the patient act as if he or she is sad or in low spirits? Does he or she cry?	5a.	□ 1 □ DE	□ 0 <b>PD</b>		5b.	□ 1		□ 3
(	Does the patient become upset when separated from you? Does he or she have any other signs of nervousness, such as shortness of breath, sighing, being unable to relax, or feeling excessively tense?	ба.	□ 1	□ 0		6b.		□2 IXSE\	□ 3 /

(version 2.0, February 2008)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Copyright© Jeffrey L. Cummings, MD. Reproduced by permission.

T
۵ĭ
⇉
ᆼ.
₩.
ã
$\supset$

Center:	ADC Subject ID:	Form Date://	ADC Visit #:	Tap
NOTE: This form is to be comple	sted by the clinician or other trained health professional	ner informant interview, as described		ed:

is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health professional per informant interview, as described by the training video. (This is not to be completed by the subject as a paper-and-pencil self-report.) For information regarding NPI-Q Interviewer Certification, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B5. Check only one box for each category of response.

Please ask the following questions based upon changes. Indicate "yes" only if the symptom has been present in the past month; otherwise, indicate "no".

For each item marked "yes", rate the SEVERITY of the symptom (how it affects the patient): 1 = Mild (noticeable, but not a significant change)

- 2 = Moderate (significant, but not a dramatic change)
- 3 = Severe (very marked or prominent; a dramatic change)

		res	NO		i	Severity	y	
7. ELATION OR EUPHORIA: Does the patient appear to feel too good or act excessively happy?	7a.	□ 1 EL	□ 0 <b>AT</b>	7b.		☐ 2 .ATSE		Participant ID#
8. APATHY OR INDIFFERENCE: Does the patient seem less interested in his or her usual activities and in the activities and plans of others?	8a.	□ 1 AF	□ 0	8b.	□ 1 A	□ 2 PASE		ant ID#
9. DISINHIBITION: Does the patient seem to act impulsively? For example, does the patient talk to strangers as if he or she knows them, or does the patient say things that may hurt people's feelings?	9a.		□ 0 SN	9b.	□ 1	□ 2		
10. IRRITABILITY OR LABILITY: Is the patient impatient or cranky? Does he or she have difficulty coping with delays or waiting for planned activities?	10a.	□ 1	□ 0 R	10b.		□ 2	□ 3 ′	Ţ
11. MOTOR DISTURBANCE:  Does the patient engage in repetitive activities, such as pacing around the house, handling buttons, wrapping string, or doing other things repeatedly?	11a.	□ 1 <b>M</b> C	□ 0 <b>T</b> C	11b.		□ 2		
12. NIGHTTIME BEHAVIORS:  Does the patient awaken you during the night, rise too early in the morning, or take excessive naps during the day?	12a.	□ 1 NI	□ 0 <b>E</b>	12b.		☐ 2	□ 3 <b>EV</b>	
13. APPETITE AND EATING: Has the patient lost or gained weight, or had a change in the food he or she likes?	13a.	□ 1 AF		13b.	_	☐ 2 APPSE	□ 3	Date:

*46.	Is his/her memory impaired to such a degree that it would have interfered	d with his/her ac	tivities of				
int335	daily life a few years ago (or preretirement activities)? (Collateral Source	's opinion)					
	No (0)	Yes (1)	DK (Q)				
<mark>?</mark> *580	. Does he/she have difficulty remembering appointments?	No (0)	Yes (1)				
*581	. Does he/she repeat questions, stories or statements?	No (0)	Yes (1)				
	IF PARTICIPANT HAS NO MEMORY PROBLEM, PROCEED	TO PAGE 25					
*38.	Does he/she completely forget a major event (e.g., trip, party, family wed	ding) within a fe	W				
	weeks of the event?  Rarely or Never (0) U	Usually (2)	DK (Q)				
Exa	mple:						
	Does he/she forget pertinent details of the major event?		DK (O)				
int330	Rarely or Never (0)	Jsually (2)	DK (Q)				
	Does he/she completely forget important information of the distant past (ewedding, place of employment?)	e.g., birthdate, d	ate of				
- Ever	Rarely or Never (0) Sometimes (1)	Usually (2)	DK (Q)				
Exar	mple:						
*43.	Onset	Sudden (1) _					
int009		Gradual (2	)				
	Other (de	Fluctuating (3 scribe at left) (4					
	Other (de	scribe at left) (4	/				
	Course of memory problem:	Stable (1	)				
int010		idually Worse (2	,				
	Episo	dically Worse (3					
		Fluctuating (4	<u> </u>				

Other (describe at left) (5)

Taped:

Participant ID#

T-

Date:

#### **Collateral Source**

### **ORIENTATION**

Hov	v often does he/she know the	e exact:			00			
		Usually	Sometimes	Rarely or Never	CS Doesn't Know			
*71. int344	Date of the month?	(2)	(1)	(0)	(Q)			
*72. int345	Month?	(2)	(1)	(0)	(Q)			
*73. int346	Year?	(2)	(1)	(0)	(Q)			
*74. int347	Day of the week?	(2)	<u>(1)</u>	(0)	(Q)			
*75. BSD08	Does he/she tend to dwell i	•	Rarely(0)	_ Sometimes(.5)	_ Often(1)			
*75a.Does he/she have difficulty with time relationships?  [int396] (When events happened in relation to each other) (Give example)  Rarely (0) Sometimes(.5) Usually (1)								
*77. Can he/she find his/her way about familiar streets? (Blessed)  BDS05  Usually(0) Sometimes(.5) Rarely(1)								
*78. How often does he/she know how to get from one place to another outside his/her int351 neighborhood?  Usually(2) Sometimes(1) Rarely(0) DK(Q)								
/I£ .	verselly in anomoral for 70 o							
` -	usually is answered for 78, c	•			<u>апу</u> )			
"79. BDS04	How often can he/she find how nouse or other familia	ir environme	ent) (Blessed)	<b>?</b>				
			Usually(0)	Sometimes(.5)	Rarely(1)			

Taped:

Participant ID#

T-

Date:

#### **Collateral Source**

### JUDGMENT AND PROBLEM SOLVING

*80. In general, if you had to rate his/lint353 would you consider them:	her abilities to handle and	solve problems a	t the pre	esent time,		
Example:	s good as they have ever been (1)					
	ut not as good as	before (	2)			
		O	nly fair (	(3)		
		Ver	y poor (	(4)		
		No abilit	y at all (	(5)		
		No <u>Loss</u>	Some Loss	Severe Loss		
*96 Ability to cope with small sums of BdS02 [Blessed] (eg, make change, lea	-	0	0.5	1		
*96a Ability to handle more complicat int410 (eg, balance checkbook, pay bill		ransactions 0	0.5	1		
*82. Can he/she handle a household	emergency: (plumbing lea	ak, small fire)				
int355		Better than	before (	1)		
		As well as b	efore (2	2)		
	Worse than before bed	cause of trouble th	inking (	3)		
	Worse than before for	r another reason (	why?) (	4)		
*76. Can he/she understand situation	s or explanations? (Bless	ed)				
BdS06	Usually(0) Sometime	es(.5) Rarely(	1) D	K(Q)		
*76a. Does he/she exercise appropria	ate judgment in social situ  Usually(0) Sometime				le?	

Participant ID#

T-

Date:

#### **Collateral Source**

#### **COMMUNITY AFFAIRS**

Occupational *N84. Is the Participant s work proceed to item 85.	still working? If NA, proceed to i	tem 87. If yes, proceed to ite	em 86,
WORK Procedu to item co	•	NA Yes	No
*N85. Did memory or thir	nking problems contribute to the	Participant's decision to reti No(0) Yes(1)	re? DK(Q)
	nt have significant difficulty in hi	is/her job because of probler	ns with memory or
nt358 thinking?	Rarely or Never(0)	Sometimes(1) Usually(2	2)DK(Q)
Social *87. Did he/she ever driv	ve a car?	Υe	es 1 No 0
drive Does the Participar	nt drive a car now?	Υe	es 1 No 0
	se of memory or thinking probler	ms? No(0	) Yes(1)
	ving, are there problems or risks ely) able independently to shop sometimes(1)(Shops for limited number of items, buys duplicate items or forgets needed items.)	No(0	Yes(1) <b>DK(Q)</b>
*90b. Is he/she (cognitive Usually(0)(Meaningful participation in activities, eg,voting.)	ely) able independently to carry  Sometimes(1) (Limited and/or routine; eg, superficial participation in church or meetings; trips to beauty parlor.)	out activities outside the hor  Rarely or never(2)_  (Generally unable to perform activities without help.)	
If no, why not?			No(0)
*91b. Would a casual ob activities think the	server of subject's behavior in c e subject was ill?	int414 No(0)	Yes(1) NA(A)
IMPORTANT: Is there a	enough information available to r	rate the subject's level of imp	nairment in

**IMPORTANT**: Is there enough information available to rate the subject's level of impairment in community affairs?

**Community Affairs:** such as going to church, visiting with friends or family, political activities, professional organizations such as bar association, other professional groups, social clubs, service organizations, educational programs. If in nursing home, does he/she participate in programs or social activities?



phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu

website: www.alz.washington.edu

# NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet Form B7: Functional Assessment – Functional Assessment Questionnaire $(FAQ^1)$

Center:	ADC Subject ID:	Form Date://	ADC Visit #:			
NOTE: This form is to be completed by provided by informant. For additional	Examiner's initials:					
Form B7. Indicate the level of performance for each activity by circling the <u>one</u> appropriate response.						

	the past four weeks, did the subject have any difficulty or need p with:	Not applicable (e.g., never did)	Normal	Has difficulty, but does by self	Requires assistance	Dependent	Part
1.	Writing checks, paying bills, or balancing a checkboo BILLS	8	0	1	2	3	articipant ID#
2.	Assembling tax records, business affairs, or other paTAXES	8	0	1	2	3	ID#
3.	Shopping alone for clothes, household necessities, or groceries.  SHOPPING	8	0	1	2	3	
4.	Playing a game of skill such as bridge or chess, working on a hobby.  GAMES	8	0	1	2	3	
5.	Heating water, making a cup of coffee, turning off the STOVE	8	0	1	2	3	7 
6.	Preparing a balanced meal.  MEALPREP	8	0	1	2	3	
7.	Keeping track of current events.	8	0	1	2	3	
8.	Paying attention to and understanding a TV program, book, or magazine.  PAYATTN	8	0	1	2	3	
9.	Remembering appointments, family occasions, holidays, medications.  REMDATES	8	0	1	2	3	D
10.	Traveling out of the neighborhood, driving, or arranging to take public transportation.  TRAVEL	8	0	1	2	3	Date:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pfeffer RI, Kurosaki TT, Harrah CH, et al. Measurement of functional activities of older adults in the community. *J Gerontol* 37:323-9, 1982. Copyright© 1982. The Gerontological Society of America. Reproduced by permission of the publisher.

Taped:	Participant ID#	T-		Date:
Homemaking Tasks: suc	Collateral Source n as cooking, laundry, clar maintenance, and basis	0.0		out garbage,
What changes have occ	urred in his/her (cognitiv	e) abilities to perfo	rm household o	chores?
What can he/she still do	well?			
<u>Hobbies</u> : sewing, painting theater or symphony, wood			raphy, gardenii	ng, going to
What changes have occ	urred in his/her (cognitiv	e) abilities to perfo	rm hobbies?	
What can he/she still do	well?			
*582. Because of memory	and thinking problems h	as he/she had red		hobbies/activities? /es Don't Know
*583. Because of memory gadget (e.g. VCR, remote of			•	a tool, appliance, or ′es Don't Know
<b>Everyday Activities (Bles</b>	sed)	No Loss	Severe Loss	
*95. Ability to perform hous	ehold tasks	0 .5	1	
*549. The accuracy and rel Good (0) Questio	,		are judged to b	e:
Insufficient exposure Other Explain:	Denial/minimize	Secondary gain	Cognitiv	ve impairment
Important: Is there enough HOME& HOBBI	information available to rate t ES? A guide to level of funct	he subject's level of ir ion in household tasks	mpairment in s is:	
No meaningful function (CDI (Performs simple activities, suc	<del>R 3):</del> ch as making a bed, only with	much supervision or	not at all)	
Function in limited activites With some supervision, washe	only (CDR 2): s dishes with acceptable clea	nliness; sets table)		

Normal function in usual activities (CDR 0):

<u>Functions independently in some activities (CDR 1):</u> (Operates appliances, such as a vacuum cleaner; prepares simple meals)

Functions in usual activities but not at usual level (CDR 0.5):

Taped: Participant ID# T- Date:

\*\*\* STOP TAPE \*\*\*

Collateral Source PERSONAL CARE

# (SCORE BASED ON SEVERITY OF COGNITIVE LOSS; NOT FREQUENCY) (SCORE DOES NOT CORRELATE DIRECTLY WITH CDR RATING)

What is your estimate of his/her mental ability in the following areas:

	<u>Unaided</u>	Occ. Misplaced buttons, etc.	Wrong sequence commonly <u>forgotten items</u>	, <u>Unable to dress</u>
N*97. dressing Blessed) BdS10	0	1	2	3
	Needs <u>Unaided</u>	Sometimes prompting	Always or nearly needs help	always needs help
N*99 washing, grooming	0	1	2	3
int371	Cleanly, proper utensils	Messily, <u>Spoon</u>	Simple solids	Has to be fed <u>Completely</u>
N*100. eating habits (Blessed)	0	1	2	3
BdS09	Normal complete control	Occ. Wets <u>bed</u>	Freq. wets <u>bed</u>	Doubly <u>incontinent</u>
N*101. sphincter cont BdS11 ssed)	0	1 mmmyy	2	3
N*Cognitive Milestones		<u>Month</u>	<u>Year</u> <u>NA</u>	<u>DK</u>
*Unable to help with	dressing miles1			
*Unable to walk unas	ssisted miles2			
*Unable to use spoo	n for eating miles3			
*Bladder or bowel ind once a week	IIIIIes4			
*Bladder or bowel ind daily	continence miles5			
*Permanent nursing admission	home miles6			

Clinician: Turn to page 34 to obtain CS recent events.

Taped:

Participant ID#

T-

Date:

#### **CS-Geriatric Depression Scale**

Circle the best answer for how the person you came with to Memory and Aging Project has felt over the past week:

1. Is he/or she basically satisfied with his/her life? Yes/No

2. Has he/she dropped many of his/her activities and interests? Yes/No

3. Does he/she feel his/her life is empty?

Yes/No

4. Does he/she often get bored? Yes/No

5. Is he/she in good spirits most of the time?

Yes/No

6. Is he/she afraid that something bad is going to happen to him/her? Yes/No

7. Does he/she feel happy most of the time?

Yes/No

8. Does he/she feel helpless?

Yes/No

9. Does he/she prefer to stay at home, rather than going out and doing new things?

Yes/No

10. Does he/she feel he/she has more problems with memory than most?

Yes/No

11. Does he/she think it is wonderful to be alive now?

Yes/No

12. Does he/she feel pretty worthless the way he/she is now?

Yes/No

13. Does he/she feel full of energy?

Yes/No

14. Does he/she feel his/her situation is hopeless?

Yes/No

15. Does he/she think that most people are better off than he/she is?

Yes/No

Yesavage JA, Brink TL, Rose TL, Lum O, Huang V, Adey MB, Leirer VO: Development and validation of a geriatric depression scale: A preliminary report. *Journal of Psychiatric Research 17*: 37-49, 1983.

Sheikh JI, Yesavage JA, Geriatric Depression Scale (GDS): Recent evidence and development of a shorter version. Clinical Gerontology: A Guide to Assessment and Intervention 165-173, NY: Haworth Press, 1986.

Taped: Participant ID# T- Date:

-INTENTIONALLY BLANK-

#### -Participant Interview-

#### \*\*\*START TAPE\*\*\*

<b>GENERAL</b>	HEAL	.TH
----------------	------	-----

(Sympathetic and interested conversation, taking lead from opening remarks)

UA = Unable to answer DK = Don't know

202. Have you had any problems with your health lately? Yes(1) No(0) UA(.C):

\*203. Have you had any problem with your thinking or memory? Yes(1)\_\_\_\_ No(0)\_\_\_ UA(.C)\_\_\_ If int501 yes: a. please describe: (record reply verbatim)

\*226. (Ask only if subject admits having memory or thinking problems.) How long have you been having int513 memory or thinking problems? (Subject's estimate in months)

How consistent is the memory problem?

205. Why are you here today? Explain: Knows \_\_\_\_ Confabulates \_\_\_\_ DK \_\_\_\_

Taped	:	Participant ID#	T-	Date:
Collate	ral Source			
MEMOF	RY			
JRAT N	lumber of years to near	mory/thinking problem st est decimal ION TEST ITEMS ent events in his/her life t	Not applicable	
Withir	า 1 week			
				<del>-</del>
 \\\!4b:\\	a 4 manth			
vvitnir	i i montn			
				<del></del>
				<del>-</del>
Evens'	001			
Exampl		r compone also in home	/clasa family?	
		r someone else in home/ someone who doesn't us		?

Any injury or illness in him/her or someone else in home/close family?
Any letters or phone calls from someone who doesn't usually contact him/her Any visitors?
Any trips?
Any bad news?
Any special events (holidays, family events)?

# **Participant**

#### **MEMORY**

227. RECENT MEMORY EVALU	ATION		
Tell me about some things that have	happened lately (	(illness, etc.)	
Within 1 week			
1 – Largely correct	0.5	0 – Largely incorrect	
Within 1 month			
1 – Largely correct	0.5	0 – Largely incorrect	

\*228. Total correct (may give half credit)

Taped: Participant ID# T- Date:

# -INTENTIONALLY BLANK-

Taped:

Date:

phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu

# NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet

Center: \_\_\_\_\_\_ ADC Subject ID: \_\_\_\_\_ Form Date: \_\_/\_ \_/\_ \_\_\_

# Form B6: Behavioral Assessment – Geriatric Depression Scale (GDS<sup>1</sup>)

	NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health professional, ADC Visit #:				
	sed on subject response. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coc iidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B6. Circle only <u>one</u> number per question.	Examiner's i	nitials:		
OGI	Check this box and enter "88" below for the Total GDS Score if and only attempt the GDS, or 2) answers fewer than twelve questions.	if the subject:	1) does not		
	<b>Instruct the subject:</b> "In the next part of this interview, I will ask you questions about questions I will ask you may not apply, and some may make you feel uncomfortable. F answer "yes" or "no", depending on how you have been feeling <b>in the past week, incl</b>	or each question			
_		Yes	No		
	1. Are you basically satisfied with your life?	0	1		
	2. Have you dropped many of your activities and interests? DROPACT	1	0		
	3. Do you feel that your life is empty?	1	0		
	4. Do you often get bored?	1	0		
	5. Are you in good spirits most of the time? SPIRITS	0	1		
	6. Are you afraid that something bad is going to happen to you? AFRAID	1	0		
	7. Do you feel happy most of the time? HAPPY	0	1		
	8. Do you often feel helpless?	1	0		
	9. Do you prefer to stay at home, rather than going out and doir STAYHOME	1	0		
	10. Do you feel you have more problems with memory than most MEMPROB	1	0		
	11. Do you think it is wonderful to be alive now? WONDRFUL	0	1		
	12. Do you feel pretty worthless the way you are now? WRTHLESS	1	0		
	13. Do you feel full of energy?	0	1		
	14. Do you feel that your situation is hopeless?  HOPELESS	1	0		
	15. Do you think that most people are better off than you are?  BETTER	1	0		
	16. <b>Sum all circled answers for a Total GDS Score</b> (maximum score = 15) (did not complete = 88)				

(version 2.0, February 2008)

Sheikh JI, Yesavage JA. Geriatric Depression Scale (GDS): Recent evidence and development of a shorter version. Clinical Gerontology: A Guide to Assessment and Intervention 165-173, NY: The Haworth Press, 1986. Reproduced by permission of the publisher.

Taped: Participant ID# T- Date:

#### DEPRESSIVE FEATURES BATTERY-Version 8/14/00

RESPONDENT: P

De	pressed	Mood
----	---------	------

215. In the past year, have you felt sad or blue or depressed most of the day nearly every day for two weeks or more?

Y \_\_\_ N \_\_\_

#### **Recurrent Thoughts of Death/Suicidal Ideation**

224. In the last year, have you felt that life is not worth living or expressed a wish to die or talked about committing suicide?

Y \_\_\_ N \_\_\_

Additional medical attention recommended (circle one) Yes No

Taped:

Participant ID#

T-

Date:

<u>N</u>

# Q & A Documenting Participant Understanding and Assent

	e SUDJECT to answer "Yes" or "No": e Participant's initial response. If the Participant gives incorrect response, discuss that element of cor	nsent to achieve under	standing).
*N564	You are here for a birthday party.	Yes	No
assent1 *N565	You are here to volunteer for a research study.	Yes	No
assent2 *N566	Part of today's tests include a chest x-ray.	Yes	No
assent3 *N567 assent4	You will be asked questions to test your memory and thinking.	Yes	No
*N568 assent5	Information from this research study may help people who have memory problems.	Yes	No
*N569 assent6	You may benefit from learning about any memory problems you may have.	Yes	No
*N570 assent7	A frequent side effect from taking part in this study is the development of a rash.	Yes	No
*N571	You may become tired from answering questions.	Yes	No
*N572	You will be asked to return for repeat evaluations every year.	Yes	No
assent9 *N573 assent10	The confidential information we collect from you will be published in the newspaper.	Yes	No
*N574 assent11	You can choose to stop answering our questions at any time.	Yes	No
*N575	Is it alright to continue with the testing today?	Yes	No
assent12			
	Signature of the Clinician Signature	of Participant	
Comme	ents (Note if there was discussion about any questions and if understanding is achieved):		

**Participant Interview** 

<u>N</u>

N206.B <u>Expressive Language</u>
(Show cookie theft picture) "Tell me everything you see going on in this picture." Response:

## RATING SCALE PROFILE OF SPEECH CHARACTERISTICS

) MELODIOLINE	0		•	•		_	•
a) MELODIC LINE intonational contour	<u>0</u> Absent	1	2	Limited to short phras and stereot expressions	yped	5	6 Runs thru entire sentence
<ul><li>b) PHRASE LENGTH longest occasional (1/10) uninterrupted word runs</li></ul>	x 1 word	X	X	x 4 words	Х	X	x 7 words
c) ARTICULATORY AGIL facility at phonemic and syllable level	ITY <u>x</u> always impaired impossib	x or le	Х	x normal only in familiar words and phases	X	Х	x never impaired
d) GRAMMATICAL FORM variety of gram- matical construc- tion (even if incomplete)	<u>x</u> not availa	x able	Х	x limited to simple declarative stereotypes	х ;	X	x normal range
e) PARAPHASIA IN RUNNING SPEECH	<u>x</u> present i every utt		Х	x once per minute of conversatio	x n	X	x absent
f) WORD FINDING informational content in relation to fluency	<u>x</u> fluent wit information		Х	x information proportiona to fluency	X I	Х	x normal
*207 Speech Score:		<u>(∑at</u> 6	<u>of)</u> =	=		-	

#### C. Oral Naming

Tell me the name of the thing I point to: Card 2)

	Correct	Incorrect
Chair	1	0
Н	1	0
Square	1	0
Key	1	0
Glove	1	0
Feather	1	0

\*208. Oral Naming Score \_\_\_\_\_

#### D. Reading Comprehension

Read this card aloud; show me the answer for each line or do what it says	Correct	Incorrect
Make a fist	1	0
How many ears does a person have	1	0
Show what you do when your nose starts to itch	1	0
Point to the second word in this sentence	1	0

int067 \*209. Reading Score

Correct

Incorrect

## **E. Reception** – Answer "Yes" or "No"

Will a wooden board generally sink in water? (No)	1	0

Will a stone sink in water?	(Yes)	1	0
-----------------------------	-------	---	---

Is a hammer good for cutting wood? (No)\_\_\_\_\_ 1\_\_\_0

Do two pounds of flour weigh more than one pound? (Yes) 1 0

Will water go through a good pair of rubber boots? (No) 1 0

int069 \*210. Reception Score \_

#### **F. Show** me each after I name it (Card 2)

Chair	Correct 1	Incorrect
L	1	0
Circle	1	0
Key	1	0
Glove	1	0

int070 \*211. Show Score\_\_\_\_\_

2) Point to your:

Z) i dilit to you	Correct	Incorrect
ear	1	<u>0</u>
nose	1	<u>0</u>
shoulder	1	<u>0</u>
eyelid	1	<u>0</u>
neck	1	0

int071 \*212. Point Score \_\_\_\_\_

#### \*214 Clinician's assessment of Aphasia:

in	t(	77	74

- 0 = Absent
- 1 = Questionable
- 2 = Present

2 – 1 1636111			
1. Mini-Mental State Examination Summary for Form	m C1		
1a. The administration of the MMSE was:	☐ 1. In ADC/clinic	□ 2. In home	□ 3. In person-other
1b. Orientation subscale score			
1) Time:	(0 – 5) (MM	(ISEORDA)	
2) Place:	(0 – 5) (MM	(ISEORLO)	
1c. Total MMSE score (using D-L-R-O-W)	(0 – 30) (M	MSE)	

T-

<u>N</u>

\*N287. Draw a clock with all the numbers; then show me 2:45

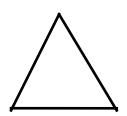
int073

0 = Correct

1 = Partially correct

2 = Incorrect

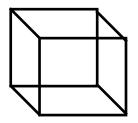
Please copy these drawings as closely as you can.



0 = Correct N\*288



1 = Partially correct 2 = Incorrect

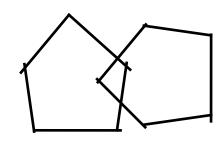


0 = Correct N\*291

int565

1 = Partially correct

2 = Incorrect



(Not for data entry)

draw N\*548 0 = Correct

(MMSE) 2 = Incorrect

(see MOO for correct scoring)

#### **Worksheet for MINI MENTAL STATE EXAMINATION (MMSE)**

**Instructions:** Words in boldface type should be read aloud clearly and slowly to the examinee. Item substitutions appear in parentheses. Administration should be conducted privately and in the examinee's primary language. Circle "0" if the response is incorrect, or "1" if the response is correct. Begin by asking the following two questions: Do you have any trouble with your memory? May I ask you some questions about your memory? ORIENTATION TO TIME **RESPONSE** SCORE (circle one) What is the... year? seas 0 season? 1 month of the year? 0 1 MSQ02 day of the week? 1 MSQ01 date? 0 1 ORIENTATION TO PLACE (Alternative place words that are appropriate for the setting and increasingly precise may be substituted and noted.) Where are we now? What is the... loca state (province)? 0 1 coun county (city/town)? 0 1 int548 city/town (or part of city/neighborhood)? 0 1 building (name or type)? 1 floor of the building (room number or address)? 0 1 REGISTRATION (Alternative word sets [e.g., PONY, QUARTER, ORANGE] may be substituted and noted when retesting an examinee.) Listen carefully. I am going to say three words. You say them back after I stop. Ready? Here they are...APPLE [pause], PENNY [pause], TABLE [pause]. Now repeat those words back to me. [Repeat up to 5 times, but score only the first trial.] **APPLE** 0 1 PENNY 0 1 **TABLE** 1 Now keep those words in mind. I am going to ask you to say them again in a few minutes. ATTENTION int089a The word WORLD is spelled W-O-R-L-D. Spell WORLD backwards. [Allow additional trials if requested.] (W=1)(D=1)(L=1)(R=1)(O=1)(0 to 5)

 $(continued) \longrightarrow$ 

#### Psychological Assessment Resources, Inc. • 16204 N. Florida Avenue • Lutz, FL 33549 • (800) 331-8378 • www.parinc.com

Reproduced by special permission of the publisher, Psychological Assessment Resources, Inc., 16204 North Florida Avenue, Lutz, FL 33549, from the Mini Mental State Examination by Marshal Folstein and Susan Folstein, copyright 1975, 1998, 2001 by Mini Mental LLC, Inc. Published 2001 by Psychological Assessment Resources, Inc. Further reproduction is prohibited without permission of PAR, Inc. The MMSE can be purchased from PAR, Inc. by calling (813) 968-3003.

Assessment of	level of consciousn	ess.		Total Coore
Alert/ Responsive	Drowsy	Stuporous	Comatose/ Unresponsive	Total Score = (Sum all item scores) (30 points max.)

(Place the blank piece of paper (unfolded) in front of the subject and provide a pen or pencil.) **Please write a sentence.** [If examine does not respond, say: **Write about the weather.**]

Score 1 point if the drawing consists of two 5-sided figures that intersect to form a 4-sided figure.

Score 1 point if the sentence is comprehensible and contains a subject and a verb.

**Please copy this design.** [Display the intersecting pentagons on the stimulus form.]

Ignore errors in grammar or spelling.

DRAWING

1

1

Taped:

Participant ID#

T-

Date:

## **Collateral Source**

## **PAST MEMORY EVALUATION**

N49.	Date of subject's birth					
N50.	Place of subject's birth	ı				
N51.	How old is the subject					
N52.	Subject's mother's full	maiden na	ime			
N53.	Subject's last school:					
		place _				
int008	Present status – r		divorced	widowed	separated	never married
N56a	. Has the subject beer	n married m	nore than once?			
N57.	Name of subject's cur (or oldest sibling if new	,	, ·			
N59.	Subject's present (hor If subject does	ne) telepho not have a	ne number telephone, then	subject's present	address	
	(If currently in r	nursing hon	ne, use last phon	e and address be	efore nursing home	e entry)
N60.	How many children?					
N62.	Subject's (or spouse's (Spouse's if subject no	•				
N62a	. What was subject's o	r spouse's	last major job?			
N63.	Subject's (or spouse's	) retiremen	t date?			
	Circumstances?					

Taped:

Participant ID#

T-

Date:

## **Participant**

		Correct	Incorrect
*N232. W	/hat is your name? (Blessed II)	(1)	(0)
int516 *N233. W	/hen were you born?	(0)	(1)
	Exact month, day, year) (Pfeiffer)		
*N234. W	/here were you born? (Blessed II)	(1)	(0)
*N235. H	low old are you? (Pfeiffer)	(0)	(1)
MSQ05 *N236 W	/hat was your mother's full maiden name? (Pfeiffer - *Any female first nan	ne and last r	name
	ther than subjects own.)		
What v	was the last school you attended?		
	Name (Blessed II)	(1)	(0)
	Gradeint522	(1)	(0)
*N239. I	Place (Blessed II) int523	(1)	(0)
	/hat is your marital status? int524		
*N241. H	year or # of years) low long? int525	(1)	(0)
*N242. H	lave you been married more than once?		(-)
int526	·	(1)	(0)
*N243. W	Vhat is (was) your spouse's name (or oldest sibling)?	(4)	(0)
int527 (Ble	essed II)	(1)	(0)
	/hat is your (home) telephone number? (Pfeiffer)		
MSQ04		(0)	(1)
•	person does not have a telephone, then ask: What is your address? currently in nursing home, ask for last phone or address before entry?)		
*N246. H	low many children did you have?	(1)	(0)
int529 *N247. W	What was your main occupation (job)?	(1)	(0)
int530 (E	Blessed II) (Spouse's if subject was not employed; cf. 62)		
*N248. W	/hat was your last major job?	(1)	(0)
*N249. W	When did you (or spouse) retire and why?(cf. 63)	(1)	(0)
*N250. Ŵ	/ho is the President of the U.S. now?ast name sufficient)(Pfeiffer)	(0)	(1)
Meder			
*N251. W MSQ08 (la	Vho was President just before him/her?ast name sufficient)(Pfeiffer)	(0)	(1)
MOGOO			

\*N252. Count aloud from 1 to 20 by 1 (Blessed II) 0 1 2 Errors int533



phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu

# NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet Form B1: Evaluation Form – Physical

Center:		ADC Subject ID:	Form	Date:/_	/
clarificatio	E: This form is to be completed by the clinician. For additional fication and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit set, Form B1.				Visit #:
		SUBJECT PHYSICAL MEASUREMEN	NTS		
	1.	Subject height (inches): (99.9 = unknown)	HEIGHT		
	2.	Subject weight (lbs.): (999 = unknown)	WEIGHT		
	3.	Subject blood pressure (sitting) (999/999 = unknown)	BPSYS /	BPDIAS	
	4.	Subject resting heart rate (pulse) (999 = unknown)	HRATE		
	AI	DDITIONAL PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS	Yes	No	Unknown
VISION		Without corrective lenses, is the subject's vision functionally normal?	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9
/ISCORR	6.	Does the subject usually wear corrective lenses?	□ 1	$\square 0$	□ 9
VISWO	COF	6a. If yes, is the subject's vision functionally normal with corrective lenses?	□ 1		□9
HEARING	7.	Without a hearing aid(s), is the subject's hearing functionally normal?	□ 1	□ 0	□9
HEARAID	8.	Does the subject usually wear a hearing aid(s)?	□ 1	□ 0	□ 9
HEAR	RWA	8a. If yes, is the subject's hearing functionally normal with a hearing aid(s)?	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9

			o" and until the subject picks up	the _			cally unable		
	penny and returns to	o an erect posture.)			R M		ct refused tempted		
					IVI	- not at	tempted		
7)	, ,		soon as you get to me		Time Iter	n #7:	·		
		and walk back to the suestions? Ready, go.	starting point together.	טט _		Ro	ound to the nearest tenth		
			t course that is 25 feet out and	d 25	Please note:	If time ≥ 9	9 sec subject is unable		
	feet back. Ask the s	subject from the command "go	o" to walk at their <u>normal pace</u>	<u>e_</u> to	If unable,	Time =	99 and circle one:		
			After the subjects arrives to 25 j e subject back to the starting po		С	= cognit	tively unable		
	Be certain to allow	the subject to set the pace. Th	e examiner times from the word	d go	1	= physic	cally unable		
	and continues until back)	the starting line is crossed by	the subjects' first foot on the	way	R	= subje	ct refused		
	<i>sucky</i>				М	= not at	tempted		
۵.	<b></b>								
8)		•	cross your chest. Wher ast as possible. Are the		Time Iter	n #8:	·		
	any questions?					Ro	ound to the nearest tenth		
		ask. Time the subject from the repetition. Count the repetition with a level, 16" seat bottom	ons silently to avoid pacing the		Please note:	If time ≥ 9	9 sec subject is unable		
					If unable, Time = 99 and circle one:				
					C = cognitively unable				
					I	l = physically unable			
					R	= subject refused			
					М	= not attempted			
ŕ	a. side-by-side b. semi-tandem c. full tandem — (Balance is evaluated Demonstrate each po	<ul> <li>feet are tight against</li> <li>ball of one foot is placed direct</li> <li>by measuring how long (max sition, assist the subject into each</li> </ul>	r feet in the 3 positions leach other in a side-by-seced lightly against the actly in front of the other version for a stance the time score is	side. arch of with he d in each ry strict	f the othe eel-toe con of the three with foot po	er foot. ontact. e differen ositioning	. No out-toeing is		
oi.	do bu oido	oomi tondom	tondom						
510	de-by-side time	semi-tandem time	tandem time						
				I	f unable,	Time = 9	99 and circle one:		
Round	to the nearest tenth	Round to the nearest tenth	Round to the nearest tenth		С	= cognit	ively unable		
					I		cally unable		
					R	= subjec	ct refused		
					М	= not att	tempted		

49

T-

<u>N</u>

**Physical Performance Test** 

Date:

Please note: If time ≥ 99 sec subject is unable
If unable, Time = 99 and circle one:

C = cognitively unable

Date:

Time Item #5:

T-time \_\_\_\_

Round to the nearest tenth

Participant ID#\_

Taped:

questions? Ready, go.

Participant ID#

5) I'd like you to stand up with me. I am going to place a penny on

the floor when I say "go" I'd like you to bend over, pick it up and

then straighten back up at your normal pace. Do you have any

(Place the penny approximately one foot from the subject's foot on the dominant side.

# ORIENTATION, MEMORY AND CONCENTRATION

*229. I will give you a name and address to remember for a few minutes. Listen name and address, and then repeat it after me:  John Brown, 42 Market Street, Chicago  John Brown, 42 Market Street, Chicago  John Brown, 42 Market Street, Chicago	to r	ne	say	the	enti	re
(underline words repeated correctly in each trial)  int515  Trials to criterion(can't do in 3 trials = C)						
Good, now remember that name and address for a few minutes.						
*271. Without looking at your watch or clock, tell me about what time it is.  ksbt3 If response is vague, prompt for specific response.  (within 1 hour) (Katzman)  Actual time:	Co	orre 0	ct	Inc	orre 1	ct
*253. Count aloud backwards from 20 to 1 (Katzman)  ksbt4  If Subject starts counting forward or forgets the task, repeat instructions and score one error.  (Mark correctly sequenced numerals)	0	1	2	Err	ors	
20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11						
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1						
*254. Name the months of the year starting with last month of the year and going ksbt5 If the Clinician needs to prompt with name of the last month of the year, one error should be scored. (Mark correctly sequenced months)	j ba	ıckv	vard	ls.	(Ka	tzman)
D N O S A JL JN MY AP MR F J	0	1	2	Erro	ors	
*245. Repeat the name and address I asked you to remember. (Katzman)  ksbt6 The thoroughfare term (Street) is not required.						
(John Brown, 42 Market Street, Chicago) 0	1	2	3	4 !	5 E	rrors
Check correct items						

#### Date:

#### **JUDGMENT & PROBLEM SOLVING**

#### **Participant**

**ABSTRACTIONS** \*Instructions: If initial response by subject does not merit a grade 0, press the matter to identify the subject's best understanding of the problem. Circle score.

A. <u>Sir</u>	<u>nilarities</u>	Example:	How are a per	ncil and a pen	alike? (writing instr	uments)	
	"How are these	things alike?"			Participant's I	Response:	
*273. int551		etables) le foods, living	things, can be ent; difference				-
*274. int552	(1 = wood		niture; both ho	d books)			-
B. <u>Dif</u>	ferences Ex	cample: What i	s the differenc	e between sug	ar and vinegar? (	sweet vs sour)	
"Can	you tell me what	is the differenc	ce between the	se things?"	Participant's Re	esponse:	
*275. int533	(1 = one	deliberate, one	e unintentional good – or exp larities)	,			-
*277. int555	•	canal ral – artificial) hing else)					
С. <u>Са</u>	<u>lculations</u>					Correct	Incorrect
int556 n	a) How many nic <u>correct</u> for 278, c ck here if you hav	an skip 279, w	hich will be en		ncorrect)	<u>Correct</u> 0	1
	b) How many qua	arters in \$6.75	? (27)			0	1
int557 280. MSQ10	c) Subtract 3 fron e way down. (Pf	m 20 and keep eiffer)	subtracting 3	from each new	number,	0	1
D. <u>Ju</u>	dgment						
int560		phone book, c ice, call opera	ity directory, in	ternet search,	a friend there that t call a mutual frience ess)	•	see?
	Subject's asses camination (may l				der standing of why Explain:	y he/she is pre	sent at
G	Good insight 0	!	Partial insight	1	Little insight	2	

Taped: Participant ID# T-

## \*\*\*STOP TAPE\*\*\*

Date:

<b>Physical</b>	Examination
-----------------	-------------

N576. Abdominal Girt	h	N 577. Hgb A1C
Vision (Rosenbaum Ca	ard at 14 inches)	with best correction
*N296.OD	sionod	Better than 20/50 Yes 1 No 0 Rt 20-50
*N297.OS <mark>Vi</mark>		Better than 20/50 Yes 1 No 0 Lt 20-50
*295. Visual fields	Normal	_ Abnormal (describe)
298. Extraocular mo	vements: Norma	al
Abnormal (desc	cribe)	Nystagmus (describe)
299. Pupil size OD OS	Reactivity —————	
300. Cranial nerves	V VII VIII IX X XI	
301. Neck	XII	Bruits?
302. Sensory: pain (p position_ vibration	oinprick)	Described Details
Right theeps _		
Right knee Right ankle Left biceps		
Left knee		

Motor:	Prese	ent LUE(2)	Other (describe	Absent e)
Tone: int121 *309. Spasticity				(0)
int122 *310. Cogwheel rigidity				_
int123 *311. Gegenhalten				_
Abnormal movements: int566 *312. Myoclonus				<u> </u>
int567 *313. Resting tremor				
int568 *314. Essential/senile tremor				
int569 *315. Other (describe)				
int124 *316. Bradykinesia:	Present (1)		Absent (0)	
int570 *317. Extrapyramidal disorder:	Present (1)	Que	estionable (2)	_Absent (0)
int571 *318. Other neurological abnor	malities: (Des	scribe)		
*319. <u>Gait</u> Normal(0) short steps	ufflela sed poo	r tanden	m swing flen flen flen	scribe)
*320a. Limb coordination	Normal (0)	Abı	normal (1)	
int581 Praxis			Normal (0)	Abnormal (Explain) (1)
*323. a. Dressing: Blouse/shirt or ja	cket/socks/sl	noes _		<del> </del>
prax2 b. Show use of: Toothbrush				
prax3 c. Key				
prax4 d. Pencil				
(Objects to be provided)  324. Summary of important neuro	logical finding	ıe		



phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu

#### NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet

# Form B3: Evaluation Form – Unified Parkinson's Disease Rating Scale (UPDRS¹) – Motor Exam

Center	Center:            ADC Subject ID:				Form Date://
For ad	lditional c	larific	o be completed by the clinician or other cation and examples, see UDS Coding G eck only <u>one</u> box per question.		ed health professional. ADC Visit #:
_	Optional] l		clinician completes the UPDRS examination	on and	determines all items are normal, check this box and
1. S	peech	□ 1	Normal.  Slight loss of expression, diction and/or volume.  Monotone, slurred but understandable; moderately impaired.	□ 4 □ 8	Marked impairment, difficult to understand. Unintelligible. Untestable ( <i>specify reason</i> ):  SPEECHX
2. F	xpression	□ 1	Normal.  Minimal hypomimia, could be normal "poker face".  Slight but definitely abnormal diminution of facial expression.	□ 4 □ 8	Moderate hypomimia; lips parted some of the time.  Masked or fixed facies with severe or complete loss of facial expression; lips parted ¼ inches or more.  Untestable (specify reason):  FACEXPX
3. T	remor at r	est			
3a. F	ps, chin	□ 1	Absent.  Slight and infrequently present.  Mild in amplitude and persistent; or moderate in amplitude, but only intermittently present.	□ 4 □ 8	Moderate in amplitude and present most of the time.  Marked in amplitude and present most of the time.  Untestable ( <i>specify reason</i> ):  TESTFAX
3b. R	and	□ 1	Absent.  Slight and infrequently present.  Mild in amplitude and persistent; or moderate in amplitude, but only intermittently present.	□ 3 □ 4 □ 8	Moderate in amplitude and present most of the time.  Marked in amplitude and present most of the time.  Untestable ( <i>specify reason</i> ):  RESTRHX

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fahn S, Elton RL, UPDRS Development Committee. The Unified Parkinson's Disease Rating Scale. In Fahn S, Marsden CD, Calne DB, Goldstein M, eds. Recent developments in Parkinson's disease, Vol. 2. Florham Park, NJ: Macmillan Healthcare Information, 1987:153-163, 293-304. Reproduced by permission of the author.

3c. Left hand	<ul> <li>□ 0 Absent.</li> <li>□ 1 Slight and infrequently present.</li> <li>□ 2 Mild in amplitude and persistent; or moderate in amplitude, but only intermittently present.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Moderate in amplitude and present most of the time.</li> <li>□ 4 Marked in amplitude and present most of the tim</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> </ul> TRESTLHX
3d. Right foot	<ul> <li>□ 0 Absent.</li> <li>□ 1 Slight and infrequently present.</li> <li>□ 2 Mild in amplitude and persistent; or moderate in amplitude, but only intermittently present.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Moderate in amplitude and present most of the time.</li> <li>□ 4 Marked in amplitude and present most of the tim</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> </ul> TRESTRFX
3e. Left foot	<ul> <li>□ 0 Absent.</li> <li>□ 1 Slight and infrequently present.</li> <li>□ 2 Mild in amplitude and persistent; or moderate in amplitude, but only intermittently present.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Moderate in amplitude and present most of the time.</li> <li>□ 4 Marked in amplitude and present most of the tim</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> <li>TRESTLFX</li> </ul>
4. Action or	postural tremor of hands	
4a. Right hand	<ul> <li>□ 0 Absent.</li> <li>□ 1 Slight; present with action.</li> <li>□ 2 Moderate in amplitude, present with action.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Moderate in amplitude with posture holding as vas action.</li> <li>□ 4 Marked in amplitude; interferes with feeding.</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> <li>TRACTRHX</li> </ul>
4b. Left hand	<ul> <li>□ 0 Absent.</li> <li>□ 1 Slight; present with action.</li> <li>□ 2 Moderate in amplitude, present with action.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Moderate in amplitude with posture holding as vas action.</li> <li>□ 4 Marked in amplitude; interferes with feeding.</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> <li>TRACTLHX</li> </ul>
	judged on passive movement of major joints wit	ith patient relaxed in sitting position; cogwheeling to be
ignored) 5a. Neck  SDNECK	<ul><li>□ 0 Absent.</li><li>□ 1 Slight or detectable only when activated</li></ul>	☐ 3 Marked, but full range of motion easily achieved ☐ 4 Severe; range of motion achieved with difficult

Taped:	Participant ID#	I- Date:
Center:	ADC Subject ID:	Form Date://
For additional	m is to be completed by the clinician or othe clarification and examples, see UDS Coding (3.Check only <u>one</u> box per question.	r trained health professional. ADC Visit #: Guidebook for Initial Visit
5b. Right upper extremity	<ul> <li>□ 0 Absent.</li> <li>□ 1 Slight or detectable only when activated by mirror or other movements.</li> <li>□ 2 Mild to moderate.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Marked, but full range of motion easily achieved.</li> <li>□ 4 Severe; range of motion achieved with difficulty.</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> <li>RIGDUPRX</li> </ul>
5c. Left upper extremity	<ul> <li>□ 0 Absent.</li> <li>□ 1 Slight or detectable only when activated by mirror or other movements.</li> <li>□ 2 Mild to moderate.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Marked, but full range of motion easily achieved.</li> <li>□ 4 Severe; range of motion achieved with difficulty.</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> </ul> RIGDUPLX
5d. Right lower extremity	<ul> <li>□ 0 Absent.</li> <li>□ 1 Slight or detectable only when activated by mirror or other movements.</li> <li>□ 2 Mild to moderate.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Marked, but full range of motion easily achieved.</li> <li>□ 4 Severe; range of motion achieved with difficulty.</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> </ul> RIGDLORX
5e. Left lower extremity	<ul> <li>□ 0 Absent.</li> <li>□ 1 Slight or detectable only when activated by mirror or other movements.</li> <li>□ 2 Mild to moderate.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Marked, but full range of motion easily achieved.</li> <li>□ 4 Severe; range of motion achieved with difficulty.</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> </ul>
6. Finger taps	(patient taps thumb with index finger in rapid s	uccession)
6a. Right hand	<ul> <li>□ 0 Normal.</li> <li>□ 1 Mild slowing and/or reduction in amplitude.</li> <li>□ 2 Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.</li> </ul>	
6b. Left hand	<ul> <li>□ 0 Normal.</li> <li>□ 1 Mild slowing and/or reduction in amplitude.</li> <li>□ 2 Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating movements or arrests in ongoing movement.</li> <li>□ 4 Can barely perform the task.</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (specify reason):</li> </ul> TAPSLFX
7. Hand mov	ements (patient opens and closes hands in rapid	succession)
7a. Right hand	□ 0 Normal. □ 1 Mild slowing and/or reduction in amplitude.	<ul> <li>□ 3 Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating movements or arrests in ongoing movement.</li> <li>□ 4 Can barely perform the task.</li> </ul>
	☐ 2 Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.	□ 8 Untestable ( <i>specify reason</i> ):  HANDMVRX

Taped:	Participant ID#	I- Date:
Center:	ADC Subject ID:	Form Date://
For additional of	m is to be completed by the clinician or other clarification and examples, see UDS Coding G 3.Check only <u>one</u> box per question.	
7b. Left hand	<ul> <li>□ 0 Normal.</li> <li>□ 1 Mild slowing and/or reduction in amplitude.</li> <li>□ 2 Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating movements or arrests in ongoing movement.</li> <li>□ 4 Can barely perform the task.</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> <li>HANDMVLX</li> </ul>
	nating movements of hands (pronation-supination amplitude as possible, both hands simultaneously	n movements of hands, vertically and horizontally, with y)
8a. Right hand	<ul> <li>□ 0 Normal.</li> <li>□ 1 Mild slowing and/or reduction in amplitude.</li> <li>□ 2 Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating movements or arrests in ongoing movement.</li> <li>□ 4 Can barely perform the task.</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (specify reason):</li> </ul> HANDATRX
8b. Left hand	<ul> <li>□ 0 Normal.</li> <li>□ 1 Mild slowing and/or reduction in amplitude.</li> <li>□ 2 Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating movements or arrests in ongoing movement.</li> <li>□ 4 Can barely perform the task.</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> <li>HANDATLX</li> </ul>
9. Leg agility inches)	(patient taps heel on the ground in rapid successi	ion, picking up entire leg; amplitude should be at least 3
9a. Right leg	<ul> <li>□ 0 Normal.</li> <li>□ 1 Mild slowing and/or reduction in amplitude.</li> <li>□ 2 Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating movements or arrests in ongoing movement.</li> <li>□ 4 Can barely perform the task.</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (specify reason):</li> </ul>
9b. Left leg	<ul> <li>□ 0 Normal.</li> <li>□ 1 Mild slowing and/or reduction in amplitude.</li> <li>□ 2 Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ 3 Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating movements or arrests in ongoing movement.</li> <li>□ 4 Can barely perform the task.</li> <li>□ 8 Untestable (specify reason):</li> </ul>

Taped:	Participant ID#	T-	Date:
Center:	ADC Subject ID:		Form Date://
NOTE: This form is to be compl For additional clarification and o Packet, Form B3.Check only <u>on</u>	examples, see UDS Co		
10. Arising from chair (patient attempts to rise from a straight-backed chair, with arms folded across chest)	<ul><li>□ 0 Normal.</li><li>□ 1 Slow; or may negattempt.</li><li>□ 2 Pushes self up from the control of the co</li></ul>	ed more than one om arms of seat.	<ul> <li>Tends to fall back and may hat to try more than one time, but get up without help.</li> <li>Unable to arise without help.</li> <li>Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> </ul>
11. Posture	person.  □ 2 Moderately stoop	slightly stooped e normal for older  ped posture, mal; can be slightly	<ul> <li>3 Severely stooped posture with kyphosis; can be moderately leaning to one side.</li> <li>4 Marked flexion with extreme abnormality of posture.</li> <li>8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> <li>POSTUREX</li> </ul>
12. Gait	□ 0 Normal. □ 1 Walks slowly; m short steps, but n (hastening steps) □ 2 Walks with diffice little or no assists some festination, propulsion.	nay shuffle with no festination  or propulsion. culty, but requires  ance; may have	<ul> <li>3 Severe disturbance of gait requiring assistance.</li> <li>4 Cannot walk at all, even with assistance.</li> <li>8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> <li>GAITX</li> </ul>
13. Posture stability (response sudden, strong posterior placement produced by pull on shoulders while patient erect with eyes open and feet slightly apart; patient is prepared)	□ 0 Normal erect. □ 1 Retropulsion, bu □ 2 Absence of postu would fall if not examiner.	t recovers unaided.  ural response;  caught by	<ul> <li>3 Very unstable, tends to lose balance spontaneously.</li> <li>4 Unable to stand without assistance.</li> <li>8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> <li>POSSTABX</li> </ul>
14. Body bradykinesia and okinesia (combining wness, hesitancy, decreased arm swing, small amplitude, and poverty of movement in general)	possibly reduced  2 Mild degree of si poverty of move	ss, giving berate character; for some persons; I amplitude. lowness and ment which is nal. Alternatively,	<ul> <li>3 Moderate slowness, poverty or small amplitude of movement</li> <li>4 Marked slowness, poverty or small amplitude of movement</li> <li>8 Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):</li> </ul>

phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu



#### NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet

## Form B8: Evaluation – Physical/Neurological Exam Findings

Center	r: ADC Subject ID:		Form Date:_	/
clarifi	: This form is to be completed by the clinician. For adcation and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for B8. Check only <u>one</u> box per question.			ADC Visit #:_
PH	IYSICAL/NEUROLOGICAL EXAM FINDINGS	Yes	No	Unknown
1.	Are all findings unremarkable (normal or normal for age)?	□1	□ 0	□ 9
2.	Are focal deficits present indicative of central nervous system disorder?	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9
3.	Is gait disorder present indicative of central nervous system disorder?	□ 1	□ 0	□ 9
4. YEMOVE	Are there eye movement abnormalities present indicative of central nervous system disorder?	□1	□ 0	□ 9

T-

Date:

phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu



#### NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet

#### Form B2: Evaluation Form – HIS and CVD

professional. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B2.  Examiner's initials:    HACHINSKI ISCHEMIC SCORE	Center: _		ADC Subject ID:	Form Date:	/		
Please complete the following scale using information obtained from history/physical/neurological exam and/or medical records. Circle the appropriate value to indicate if a specific item is present (characteristic of the patient) or absent.  Present Absent  ABRUPT 1. Abrupt onset (re: cognitive status) 2 0  STEPWISE 2. Stepwise deterioration (re: cognitive status) 1 0  EMOT 4. Emotional incontinence 1 0  HXHYPER 5. History or presence of hypertension 1 0  XSTROKE 6. History of stroke 2 0  FOCLSYM 7. Focal neurological symptoms 2 0	professi	iona	I. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding		ADC Visit #:		
exam and/or medical records. Circle the appropriate value to indicate if a specific item is present (characteristic of the patient) or absent.  Present Absent  ABRUPT 1. Abrupt onset (re: cognitive status) 2 0  STEPWISE 2. Stepwise deterioration (re: cognitive status) 1 0  SOMATIC 3. Somatic complaints 1 0  EMOT 4. Emotional incontinence 1 0  HXHYPER 5. History or presence of hypertension 1 0  XSTROKE 6. History of stroke 2 0  OCCLSYM 7. Focal neurological symptoms 2 0		HA	ACHINSKI ISCHEMIC SCORE 1				
ABRUPT 1. Abrupt onset (re: cognitive status)  STEPWISE 2. Stepwise deterioration (re: cognitive status)  1 0  SOMATIC 3. Somatic complaints  1 0  EMOT 4. Emotional incontinence  1 0  HXHYPER 5. History or presence of hypertension  1 0  XSTROKE 6. History of stroke  2 0  COCLSYM 7. Focal neurological symptoms		exam and/or medical records. Circle the appropriate value to indicate if a specific item is prese					
STEPWISE 2. Stepwise deterioration (re: cognitive status)  SOMATIC 3. Somatic complaints  1 0  EMOT 4. Emotional incontinence  1 0  HXHYPER 5. History or presence of hypertension  1 0  XSTROKE 6. History of stroke  2 0  OCLSYM 7. Focal neurological symptoms				Present	Absent		
SOMATIC 3. Somatic complaints 1 0  EMOT 4. Emotional incontinence 1 0  HXHYPER 5. History or presence of hypertension 1 0  XSTROKE 6. History of stroke 2 0  FOCLSYM 7. Focal neurological symptoms 2 0	ABRUPT	1.	Abrupt onset (re: cognitive status)	2	0		
EMOT 4. Emotional incontinence 1 0  HXHYPER 5. History or presence of hypertension 1 0  XSTROKE 6. History of stroke 2 0  FOCLSYM 7. Focal neurological symptoms 2 0	STEPWISE	2.	Stepwise deterioration (re: cognitive status)	1	0		
HXHYPER 5. History or presence of hypertension 1 0  XSTROKE 6. History of stroke 2 0  FOCLSYM 7. Focal neurological symptoms 2 0	SOMATIC	3.	Somatic complaints	1	0		
XSTROKE 6. History of stroke 2 0  OCLSYM 7. Focal neurological symptoms 2 0	EMOT	4.	Emotional incontinence	1	0		
7. Focal neurological symptoms 2 0	HXHYPER	5.	History or presence of hypertension	1	0		
	XSTROKE	6.	History of stroke	2	0		
	OCLSYM	7.	Focal neurological symptoms	2	0		
8. Focal neurological signs 2 0	FOCLSIGN	8.	Focal neurological signs	2	0		
9. Sum all circled answers for a Total Score:	LIACI		Sum all circled answers for a Total Score:				
HACHIN int576	_						

(version 2.0, February 2008)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Rosen Modification of Hachinski Ischemic Score (Ann Neurol 7:486-488, 1980). Copyright© John Wiley & Sons, Inc. Reproduced by permission.

Taped:	Participant ID#	T-		Date:	
Center:	ADC Subject ID:		_ Form D	Date:/	/
	s to be completed by the clinician or othe additional clarification and examples, see ket, Form B2.			ADC	Visit #:
CEREBROVAS	SCULAR DISEASE		Yes	No	N/A
CVDCOG cerebrovas	best judgment, do you believe that cular disease (CVD) is contributing to t mpairment?	he	□ 1	□ 0	□ 8
	a stroke, is there a temporal relationship onset of cognitive impairment?	between	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 8
	aging evidence which supports that CV g to the cognitive impairment?	D is	□ 1	$\square$ 0	□ 8
12a. If yes	s, indicate which imaging evidence was	found:			
CVDIMAG1 1) Si	ngle strategic infarct		□ 1	$\square 0$	
CVDIMAG2 2) M	fultiple infarcts		□ 1	$\Box 0$	
CVDIMAG3 3) Ex	xtensive white matter hyperintensity		□ 1	$\square 0$	
CVDIMAG4 4) O	ther (specify):		□ 1	$\square$ 0	

Participant ID#



phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu

website: www.alz.washington.edu

#### NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet

## Form B4: Global Staging - Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR): Standard and Supplemental

Center:	ADC Subject ID	):	Form Date:	/	ADC Visit #:		
NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health professional, based on informant report and neurological exam of the subject. In the extremely rare instances when no informant is available, the clinician or other trained health professional must complete this form utilizing all other available information and his/her best clinical judgment. Score only as decline from previous level due to cognitive loss, not impairment due to other factors. For further information, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B4.  SECTION 1: STANDARD CDR <sup>1</sup>							
			IMPAIRMENT				
Please enter scores below	None 0	Questionable 0.5	Mild 1	Moderate 2	Severe 3		
1. MEMORY	No memory loss, or slight inconsistent forgetfulness.	Consistent slight forgetfulness; partial recollection of events; "benign" forgetfulness.	Moderate memory loss, more marked for recent events; defect interferes with everyday activities.	Severe memory loss; only highly learned material retained; new material rapidly lost.	Severe memory loss; only fragments remain.		
12. ORIENTATION NT 11 - · -	Fully oriented.	Fully oriented except for slight difficulty with time relationships.	Moderate difficulty with time relationships; oriented for place at examination; may have geographic disorientation elsewhere.	Severe difficulty with time relationships; usually disoriented to time, often to place.	Oriented to person only.		
3. JUDGMENT &  GMENT OBLEM  LVING  12	Solves everyday problems, handles business & financial affairs well; judgment good in relation to past performance.	Slight impairment in solving problems, similarities, and differences.	Moderate difficulty in handling problems, similarities, and differences; social judgment usually maintained.	Severely impaired in handling problems, similarities, and differences; social judgment usually impaired.	Unable to make judgments or solve problems.		
4. COMMUNITY MUN AFFAIRS  13	Independent function at usual level in job, shopping, volunteer and social groups.	Slight impairment in these activities.	Unable to function independently at these activities, although may still be engaged in some; appears normal to casual inspection.	No pretense of independent function outside the home; appears well enough to be taken to functions outside the family home.	No pretense of independent function outside the home; appears too ill to be taken to functions outside the family home.		
5. HOME & BIES 14 _ · · _	Life at home, hobbies, and intellectual interests well maintained.	Life at home, hobbies, and intellectual interests slightly impaired.	Mild but definite impairment of function at home; more difficult chores abandoned; more complicated hobbies and interests abandoned.	Only simple chores preserved; very restricted interests, poorly maintained.	No significant function in the home.		
6. PERSONAL CARE RE0	Fully capable o	of self-care (= 0).	Needs prompting.	Requires assistance in dressing, hygiene, keeping of personal effects.	Requires much help with personal care; frequent incontinence.		

7.

STANDARD CDR SUM OF BOXES CDRSUM

STANDARD GLOBAL CDR CDRGLOB

<sup>1</sup> 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Morris JC. The Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR): Current version and scoring rules. *Neurology* 43(11):2412-4, 1993. Copyright© Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins. Reproduced by permission. (version 2.0, February 2008)

ADC Visit #:	_
	7

NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health professional, based on informant report and neurological exam of the subject. In the extremely rare instances when no informant is available, the clinician or other trained health professional must complete this form utilizing all other available information and his/her best clinical judgment. Score only as decline from previous level due to cognitive loss, not impairment due to other factors. For further information, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B4.

Form Date: \_\_\_/\_\_ \_\_/\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_

ADC Subject ID: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### **SECTION 2: SUPPLEMENTAL CDR**

Center: \_\_\_\_\_

		IMPAIRMENT				
	Please enter scores below	None 0	Questionable 0.5	Mild 1	Moderate 2	Severe 3
	9. BEHAVIOR, COMPORTMENT AND PERSONALITY <sup>2</sup>	Socially appropriate behavior.	Questionable changes in comportment, empathy, appropriateness of actions.	Mild but definite changes in behavior.	Moderate behavioral changes, affecting interpersonal relationships and interactions in a significant manner.	Severe behavioral changes, making interpersonal interactions all unidirectional.
COM	IPORT					
	10. LANGUAGE <sup>3</sup> RLANG	No language difficulty or occasional mild tip-of-the-tongue.	Consistent mild word finding difficulties; simplification of word choice; circumlocution; decreased phrase length; and/or mild comprehension difficulties.	Moderate word finding difficulty in speech; cannot name objects in environment; reduced phrase length and/or agrammatical speech; and/or reduced comprehension in conversation and reading.	Moderate to severe impairments in either speech or comprehension; has difficulty communicating thoughts; writing may be slightly more effective.	Severe comprehension deficits; no intelligible speech.
63	11	SUPPLEMENTAL CDR SU	M OF BOXES			
	12.	STANDARD & SUPPLEME	NTAL CDR SUM OF BOXES			

<sup>2.</sup> \_\_\_. STANDARD & SUFFLEMENTAL CDR SUM OF BOAES

Participant ID#

Date:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excerpted from the Frontotemporal Dementia Multicenter Instrument & MR Study (Mayo Clinic, UCSF, UCLA, UW).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Excerpted from the PPA-CRD: A modification of the CDR for assessing dementia severity in patients with Primary Progressive Aphasia (Johnson N, Weintraub S, Mesulam MM), 2002.

Taped: Participant ID# T-

## **Assignment of CDR rating**

Date:

Use all information and make the best judgment. Score each category (M, O, JPS, CA, HH, PC) as independently as possible. Mark in only one box, for each category, rating impairment as decline from the person's usual level due to cognitive loss alone, not impairment due to other factors, such as physical handicap or depression. Occasionally the evidence is ambiguous and the clinician's best judgment is that a category could be rated in either one of two adjacent boxes, such as mild (1) or moderate (2) impairment. In that situation the standard procedure is to check the box of greater impairment.

Aphasia is taken into account by assessing both language and nonlanguage function in each cognitive category. If aphasia is present to a greater degree than the general dementia, the subject is rated according to the general dementia. Supply evidence of nonlanguage cognitive function.

The global CDR is derived from the scores in each of the six categories ("box scores") as follows. Memory (M) is considered the primary category and all others are secondary. CDR = M if at least three secondary categories are given the same score as memory. Whenever three or more secondary categories are given a score greater or less than the memory score, CDR = score of majority of secondary categories on whichever side of M has the greater number of secondary categories. When three secondary categories are scored on one side of M and two secondary categories are scored on the other side of M, CDR=M.

When M = 0.5, CDR = 1 if at least three of the other categories are scored one or greater. If M = 0.5, CDR cannot be 0; it can only be 0.5 or 1. If M = 0, CDR = 0 unless there is impairment (0.5 or greater) in two or more secondary categories, in which case CDR = 0.5.

Although applicable to most Alzheimer's disease situations, these rules do not cover all possible scoring combinations. Unusual circumstances which occur occasionally in Alzheimer's disease and may be expected in non-Alzheimer dementia as well are scored as follows:

- (1) With ties in the secondary categories on one side of M, choose the tied scores closest to M for CDR (e.g., M and another secondary category = 3, two secondary categories = 2, and two secondary categories = 1; CDR = 2).
- (2) When only one or two secondary categories are given the same score as M, CDR = M as long as no more than two secondary categories are on either side of M.
- (3) When M = 1 or greater, CDR cannot be 0; in this circumstance, CDR = 0.5 when the majority of secondary categories are 0.

Taped: Participant ID# T- Date:

#### **NOTES:**

1) Participants with questionable dementia (CDR 0.5) must be categorized either as "Uncertain dementia," or as one of the dementing disorders, e.g., "DAT/SDAT". That is, clinicians must decide, using their best judgment, whether or not the CDR 0.5 Participantt is experiencing the very mildest ("earliest") manifestations of a dementing illness versus a nondementing condition.

2) For purposes of data entry, the number of diagnoses for an individual Participant is limited to 5 or less.

DAT = Dementia of the Alzheimer Type ProAphasia = Progressive Aphasia PCD = Posterior Cortical Dysfunction FLD = Frontal Lobe Dementia MAP = Memory and Aging Project

"Relationship of Condition to DAT" refers to the relation of the onset of the unusual feature to the occurrence of DAT. For example, ProAphasia may occur before (prior), at the same time (with), or subsequent (after) to onset of DAT. In the situation where ProAphasia is an isolated condition (i.e., no other cognitive deficits), there is no clinical relationship to other cognitive syndromes (no DAT).

Taped: Participant ID# T- Date:

Memory

## **Clinical Dementia Rating**

# Supplemental Behavioral Checklist for subjects with significant aphasia

<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	a)	Subject does normal daily routine about house without becoming upset and obviously confused.
		b)	Subject spontaneously prepares for routine household events (meals, prayers, bed)
		c)	Subject spontaneously prepares for routine weekly events in home and community (church, routine family gatherings, etc.)
		d)	Subject spontaneously prepares for major holidays and family member's birthdays.
		e)	Subject walks about local, familiar streets without getting lost.
		f)	Subject drives or takes the bus about community without getting lost.
		g)	Subject operates washer/dryer, TV, radio in home without difficulty.
		h)	Subject carries out operations outside the home in church, volunteer groups, or work without assistance.
	<u>II</u>	<u>Orie</u>	<u>entation</u>
		a)	Subject responds to usual form of address
		b)	Subject appears to recognize and react appropriately to close friends and relatives.
		c)	Subject behaves appropriately in home, other dwellings, and public places (as though he/she knows where he/she is)
		d)	Subject follows normal sleep/wakefulness pattern
		e)	Subject prepares for temporally fixed events (such as meals, bedtime) at the correct time.
	III J	lud <u>c</u>	gment and Problem Solving
		a)	Subject behaves appropriately in routine household events
		b)	Subject solves minor household problems and minor emergencies without more help than usual.
		c)	Subject solves major problems arising outside the family environment without help.

Taped:

Participant ID#

T-

Date:

# **IV Community Affairs**

<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	
		a) Subject behaves normally in immediate neighborhood outside home
		b) Subject behaves appropriately at structured community events
		c) Subject spontaneously takes up new outside activities and behaves appropriately
	<u>V F</u>	Home - Hobbies
		<ul> <li>Subject carries out routine, simple household chores normally (with or without reminding).</li> </ul>
		b) Subject maintains nonverbal hobbies normally.
	<u>VI F</u>	Personal Care
		a) Subject uses toilet normally
		b) Subject uses bathing and grooming apparatus and appliances normally
		c) Subject dresses normally once clothes are selected
		d) Subject dresses normally without aid and always appears normally attired
		e) Subject takes normal care of personal objects

Std. MAP Proc. or Special Proc.\_\_\_ Enrolled in Study: \_NO Tape Review Necessary (not applicable at T1 unless ACS):\_\_\_\_ Not Eligible at T1 (Explain) Special or Expedited TR (Explain) Thurs. Mtg. Disc. (Explain)

Specify:

Other potential transmissible disorders: Hepatitis ? Other

di01-98.doc - Rev. 5/1/2010

Other:



phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu

## NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet Form B9: Clinician Judgment of Symptoms

ADC Subject ID:\_\_\_\_\_ Form Date:\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

	NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B9.		ADC Visit #:		
	only <u>one</u> box per question.	Examiner's initials:			
MEM	ORY COMPLAINT/AGE OF ONSET:	Yes	N	o .	
	ive to previously attained abilities:				
DECSUB	. Does the subject report a decline in memory?	$\Box$ 1		0	
DECIN 2	2. Does the informant report a decline in subject's memory?	$\square$ 1		0	
DECCLIN	Ba. Does the clinician believe there has been a current meaningful decline in the subject's memory, non-memory cognitive abilities, behavior, or ability to manage his/her affairs, or have there been motor/movement changes?	□ 1	( <u>If no, end</u>	0 <u>form here</u> )	
DECAGE	Bb. At what age did the cognitive decline begin (based upon the clinician's assessment)?		(999 = Unknow) $(888 = N/A)$	wn)	
COG	NITIVE SYMPTOMS:	Yes	No	Unknown	
p	ndicate whether the subject currently is impaired meaningfully, relative to reviously attained abilities, in the following cognitive domains or has uctuating cognition:				
COGMEM	<b>Memory</b> (For example, does s/he forget conversations and/or dates; repeat questions and/or statements; misplace more than usual; forget names of people s/he knows well?)	□ 1	$\Box$ 0	□9	
b COGJUDG	Judgment and problem-solving (For example, does s/he have trouble handling money (tips); paying bills; shopping; preparing meals; handling appliances; handling medications; driving?)	□ 1	□ 0	□9	
COGLANC	Language (For example, does s/he have hesitant speech; have trouble finding words; use inappropriate words without self-correction?)	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9	
cogvis	Visuospatial function (Difficulty interpreting visual stimuli and finding his/her way around.)	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9	
	Attention/concentration (For example, does the subject have a short attention span or ability to concentrate? Is s/he easily distracted?)	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9	
f. COGFLUX	<b>Fluctuating cognition</b> (Does s/he have pronounced variation in attention and alertness, noticeably over hours or days? For example, long periods of staring into space or lapses, or times when his/her ideas have a disorganized flow.)	□ 1	$\Box  0$	□ 9	
g COGOTHR	Other (If yes, then specify):  COGOTHRX	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9	
			(continued	on next page)	

raped:	Рапісіра	nt ID#	I -		Date:	
Center:	ADC Sul	bject ID:		Form D	vate:/	/
			or additional clarification Packet, Form B9. Check		ADC Vis	
5. Indicate the presymptom whice SFRST ognized as a subject's cognition	th was first a decline in the ition:	3 Language 4 Visuospa	t and problem solving tial function /concentration	□ 6 □ 7 □ 88 □ 99	Fluctuating co	RSTX
6. Mode of onset symptoms:		2 Subacute	> 6 months) (≤ 6 months) within days)	□ 88	Other (specify)  COGN N/A Unknown	
BEHAVIOR SYMP	PTOMS:			Yes	No	Unknown
symptoms:	er the subject currently		· ·			
PATHY reduced abi	thdrawal (Has the subjective to initiate usual active with family and/or frier	vities and soci		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9
BEDEP at a time; e. hopelessnes	(Has the subject seeme e.g., loss of interest or ple ss, loss of appetite, fatig	easure in nearly		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9
c. <b>Psychosis</b> HALL 1) Visual I	11					
1) (150011	nallucinations	11.6 1	1 1 4 7 10			□ 9
	es, are the hallucination	s well-formed	and detailed?			□ 9
	y hallucinations nal/false/delusional belie	. C.				□ 9
d. <b>Disinhibiti</b>	on (Does the subject use oppropriate speech or beh	e inappropriate aviors in publi	c or in the home? Does	□ 1 □ 1	$\Box 0$ $\Box 0$	□ 9 □ 9
_	rsonally to strangers or (Does the subject over others?)			□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9
f. <b>Agitation</b> (		rouble sitting s	till; does s/he shout, hit,	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9
behavior ur suspiciousn	y change (Does the subject aracteristic of the subjects [without delusions], abject fail to take other's	oject, such as u , unusual dress	nusual collecting, , or dietary changes?	□ 1	□ 0	□9
	behavior disorder (Dolle sleeping (e.g., punch		appear to act out his/her rms, shout or scream?)	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9
i. Other (If yo	es, then specify):  BEOTHRX			□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9
					(aontinua)	on navt naga

	raped:	aped: Participant ID#		I-	Date:			
	Center: ADC Subject ID:_			Form Date		<u>'</u>		
	NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician. For additional clarification and ADC Visit #: examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B9. Check only one box per question.							
	8. Indica	ate the <u>predominant</u> symptom	□ 1	Apathy/withdrawal	□ 7	Personality cha	ınge	
BEFR		n was first recognized as a decline	$\square$ 2	Depression	□ 8	Other (specify):	:	
	in the	subject's behavioral symptoms:	$\square$ 3	Psychosis		BEFRSTX _		
			$\Box$ 4	Disinhibition	$\square$ 9	REM sleep beha	vior	
			$\Box$ 5	Irritability		disorder		
			□ 6	Agitation				
					□ 99	Unknown		
		e of onset of behavioral symptoms:	$\Box$ 1	Gradual (> 6 months)	$\Box$ 4	Other (specify)	):	
BEMC	DDF		$\square$ 2	Subacute ( $\leq 6 \text{ months}$ )		BEMODEX -		
			$\square$ 3	Abrupt (within days)	□ 88			
					□ 99	Unknown		
	MOTOR S	SYMPTOMS:			Yes	No	Unknown	
		ate whether the subject currently ha						
MO	GAIT art	ait disorder (Has the subject's wal thritis or an injury? Is s/he unsteady	, or doe	•	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9	
		ve little or no arm-swing, or drag a alls (Does the subject fall more than		1	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9	
MO	LALLO							
MO	c. <b>Tremor</b> (Has the subject had rhythmic shaking, especially in the hands, arms, legs, head, mouth, or tongue?)					$\square 0$	□ 9	
MOS	SLOW or ex	owness (Has the subject noticeably handwriting, other than due to an inpression changed, or become more expressive?)	njury or	illness? Has his/her facial	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9	
	11. Indica	ate the <u>predominant</u> symptom	$\Box$ 1	Gait disorder	$\Box$ 4	Slowness		
MOFF	RST which	was first recognized as a decline	$\square$ 2	Falls	□ 88	N/A		
	in the	subject's motor symptoms:	$\square$ 3	Tremor	□ 99	Unknown		
	12. Mode	of onset of motor symptoms:	$\Box$ 1	Gradual (> 6 months)	□ 4	Other (specify):	:	
MOM	IODE	<b>J</b> 1	$\square$ 2	Subacute ( $\leq 6 \text{ months}$ )		_MOMODE		
			□ 3	Abrupt (within days)	$\square$ 88	N/A	_	
				1 ( )	□ 99	Unknown		
	a. If t	there were changes in motor function	on, were	these suggestive of	$\Box$ 1	Yes		
		rkinsonism?			$\Box 0$	No		
MOM	OPARK				□ 88	N/A		
	OVERAL	L SUMMARY OF SYMPTOMS ON	ISET:					
	13. Cours	se of overall cognitive/behavioral/	$\Box$ 1	Gradually progressive	$\Box$ 4	Fluctuating		
COU		syndrome:	$\square$ 2	Stepwise	□ 5	Improved		
			□ 3	Static	_ 9	Unknown		
	14 India	ate the <u>predominant</u> domain which			□ 3	Motor function		
FRST		irst recognized as changed in the		Cognition				
1101	Subject		$\square$ 2	Behavior	□ 9	Unknown		

phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu



#### NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet

## Form D1: Clinician Diagnosis – Cognitive Status and Dementia

	Center: _	nter: ADC Subject ID:				Form Date://				
NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician. For diagnostic criteria, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form D1. Check only one box per response category.					-	ADC Visit #:  Examiner's initials:				
WHOI	1. Res	sponses are based on:	osis fr	om single cl	inician	□ 2 Conser	sus diag	nosis		
	2. Does the subject have normal cognition (no MCI, dementia,									
DEMEN	3. Does the subject meet criteria for dementia (in accordance									
4. If the subject does not have normal cognition and is not clinically demented, indicate the type of cognitive impairment (choose only one impairment from items 4a thru 4e as being "present"; mark all others "absent") and then designate the suspected underlying cause(s) of the impairment by completing items 5–30:								rment		
			Presen	t Absent	Don	nains	Yes	No		
		Amnestic MCI – memory impairment only	□ 1	$\square 0$						
MCIAPL	<b>US</b> 4b.	Amnestic MCI – memory	$\Box$ 1	MCIAPLAI	1) Lang	guage	$\Box 1$	$\square 0$		
		impairment plus one or more other domains ( <i>if present, check one or</i>		MCIAPAT	2) Atte	ntion	$\Box$ 1	$\square 0$		
		more domain boxes "yes" and		MCIAPE)	( 3) Exec	cutive function	□ 1	$\Box 0$		
		check all other domain boxes "no")		MCIAPVIS	3 4) Visu	ıospatial	□ 1	$\square 0$		
MCINO	ON1 4c.	Non-amnestic MCI – single domain	□ 1	MCIN1LA	N 1) Lang	guage	□ 1	$\square 0$		
		(if present, check only <u>one</u> domain box "yes"; check <u>all other</u> domain		MCIN1AT	T 2) Atte	ntion	□ 1	$\square 0$		
		boxes "no")		MCIN1E	( 3) Exec	cutive function	□ 1	$\square 0$		
				MCIN1VI			□ 1	$\Box 0$		
MCINC	N2 4d.	Non-amnestic MCI – multiple	□ 1	MCIN2LAN	1) Lang	guage	□ 1	$\square 0$		
		domains (if present, check two or more domain boxes "yes" and		MCIN2AT	2) Atte	ntion	□ 1	$\Box 0$		
		check all other domain boxes "no")		MCIN2EX	3) Exec	cutive function	□ 1	$\Box 0$		
				MCIN2VI	3 4) Visu	ıospatial	□ 1	$\Box 0$		
IMPNO	MCI 4e.	Impaired, not MCI	□ 1	$\Box 0$						

Taped:	Participant ID#	T-			Date:	
Cente	r: ADC Subject ID:		F	orm Date:_	/	/
criter	i: This form is to be completed by the clinician. For ia, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Pack k only <u>one</u> box per response category.				ADC Vis	sit #:
contri	e indicate if the following conditions are present or absoluting to the observed cognitive impairment (reported in only one condition as primary.				an's best ju	idgment.
		Present	Absent		If P Primary	Present: Contributing
5. OBAD	Probable AD (NINCDS/ADRDA) (if present, skip to item #7)	□ 1	□ 0	5a.	□ 1	□ 2
6. SSAD	Possible AD (NINCDS/ADRDA) (if #5 is present, leave this blank)	□ 1	□ 0	6a.	□ 1	□ 2 POSSA
DLB 7.	Dementia with Lewy bodies	□ 1	$\Box 0$	7a.	□ 1	□ 2 <b>DL</b>
8.	Vascular dementia (NINDS/AIREN Probable) (if present, skip to item #10)	□ 1	□ 0	8a.	□ 1	□ 2 VAS
9. SCPS	Vascular dementia (NINDS/AIREN Possible) (if #8 is present, leave this blank)	□ 1		9a.	□ 1	□ 2 VASC
DDEM).	Alcohol-related dementia	□ 1	$\Box 0$	10a.	□ 1	ALCDE
MUN 11.	Dementia of undetermined etiology	□ 1	$\Box 0$	11a.	□ 1	DEMU
12.	Frontotemporal dementia (behavioral/executive dementia)	□ 1	□ 0	12a.	□ 1	□ 2 <b>F</b>
<b>\PH</b> 13.	Primary progressive aphasia (aphasic dementia)	□ 1	□ 0	13a.	□ 1	
	(If PPA is present, specify type by checking <u>one</u> box b and <u>all others</u> "absent"):	elow "present	,,			
	1) Progressive nonfluent aphasia	□ 1	$\Box 0$	PNAPH		
	2) Semantic dementia – anomia plus word comprehension	□ 1	□ 0	SEMDEN	MAN	
	3) Semantic dementia – agnostic variant	□ 1	□ 0	SEMDEN	1AG	
	4) Other (e.g., logopenic, anomic, transcortical, word deafness, syntactic comprehension, motor speech disorder)	□ 1		PPAOTH	R	

Taped:	Participant ID#	T-	Date:
Center:	ADC Subject ID:		Form Date://
criteria, see UDS C	to be completed by the clinician. oding Guidebook for Initial Visit P x per response category.	ADC Visit #:	
For subjects with no	rmal cognition, indicate whether the	following conditions	are present or absent. If the subject is

For subjects with normal cognition, indicate whether the following conditions are present or absent. If the subject is cognitively impaired, indicate also whether the condition is primary, contributing or non-contributing to the observed cognitive impairment, based on your best judgment. Mark only one condition as primary.

	_			-		-	-		
			Present	Absent			Primary	If Present: Contributing	Non-contrib.
PSP	14.	Progressive supranuclear palsy	□ 1	$\Box 0$	14	a.	□ 1	$\square$ 2	
CORT	15.	Corticobasal degeneration	□ 1	$\Box 0$	15	a.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3 COR
HUNT	16.	Huntington's disease	□ 1	□ 0	16	a.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3 HUN
PRION	17.	Prion disease	□ 1	$\Box 0$	17	a.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3 PRIO
MEDS	18.	Cognitive dysfunction from medications	□ 1		18	a.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3 MEDS
DYSILL	19.	Cognitive dysfunction from medical illnesses	□ 1		19	a.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3  DYSILL
DEP	20.	Depression	□ 1	$\Box 0$	20	a.	□ 1	$\square$ 2	□ 3 <b>DEF</b>
OTHPS	SY .	Other major psychiatric illness	□ 1	□ 0	21	a.	□ 1	□ 2	OTHPS
DOWN	<mark>S</mark> 22.	Down's syndrome	□ 1	$\Box 0$	22	a.	□ 1	□ 2	DOWNS
PARK	23.	Parkinson's disease	□ 1	$\Box 0$	23	a.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3 PARI
STROK	<b>E</b> 24.	Stroke	□ 1	$\Box 0$	24	a.	□ 1	$\square$ 2	□ 3STRO
HYCEP	<b>H</b> 5.	Hydrocephalus	□ 1	$\Box 0$	25	a.	□ 1	$\square$ 2	HYCEPI
BRNINJ	26.	Traumatic brain injury	□ 1	$\Box 0$	26	a.	□ 1	$\square$ 2	BRNIN
NEOP	27.	CNS neoplasm	□ 1	$\Box 0$	27	a.	□ 1	$\square$ 2	□ 3 NEOF
COGO	28. TH	Other (specify):	□ 1		28	a.	□ 1	□ 2	COGOT
COGO	29.	Other (specify):  COGOTH2X	□ 1	□ 0	29	a.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
COGOT	30.	Other (specify):  COGOTH3X	□ 1		30	a.	□ 1	□ 2	☐ 3
	1				1				

)#

T-

Date:

phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu



## **NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS)**

## Form M1: Milestones

Center:	ADC Subject ID:	Form Date://					
milesto If either	submit a new Milestones Form as soon as pone event has occurred. The format for each of the month or day is unknown, enter "99" for must be entered. NOTE: Complete only the	date is mm/dd/yyyy. Examiner's initials:					
1. 🗆	Subject has died.	Date of death://					
1a.	☐ ADC autopsy done (data pending or submit	ted).					
2. 🗆	Subject has discontinued ADC participation.	Date discontinued://					
2a.	Primary reason (check only one):						
	$\square$ 1 Refused further participation in ADC	☐ 3 Discontinued by ADC decision/protocol					
	☐ 2 Moved out of area	☐ 4 Seeking care elsewhere					
		□ 8 Other ( <i>specify</i> ):					
3. □	Subject has rejoined ADC participation after di	scontinuing.					
4. 🗆	Subject has entered nursing home with expecta permanent residence.	tion of Date://					
5. Sub	ject's NACC data collection protocol has chang	ed as indicated below (check only one):					
	$\square$ 1 To UDS telephone follow-up.						
	☐ 2 To minimal ADC contact (e.g., follow	red only to obtain autopsy).					
	☐ 3 To UDS in-person visit.						
	re has been a change in the data collection proto te the reasons below:	col to UDS telephone follow-up or to minimal ADC contact,					
6. □	Unable to collect neuropsychological test data.						
	Due to (check all that apply):						
	<ul> <li>a. □ Too cognitively impaired.</li> <li>b. □ Too physically impaired.</li> </ul>						
	b.						
	<ul> <li>c. □ Homebound/nursing home/cannot travel.</li> <li>d. □ Refused testing.</li> </ul>						
	e. $\square$ Other ( <i>specify</i> ):						
7. 🗆							
	Due to (check all that apply):						
	a. ☐ Too cognitively impaired.						
	b.   Too physically impaired.						
	c.   Homebound/nursing home/cannot travel.						
	d.  Refused examination.						
	e.						